

MARCH 24, 2026

**PROJECT MANUAL**  
NCWSA OFFICE ADDITION 60% DESIGN

# NEWTON COUNTY WATER AND SEWAGE AUTHORITY

NCWSA Office  
11325 Brown Bridge Road  
Covington, Georgia 30016

Wendel Project No 616202



TABLE OF CONTENTS

DIVISION 01 – GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

011000	SUMMARY
121200	ALLOWANCES
012200	UNIT PRICES
012300	ALTERNATES
012600	CONTRACT MODIFICATION PROCEDURES
012900	PAYMENT PROCEDURES
012910	PARTIAL RELEASE AND WAIVER OF MECHANIC’S LIEN
012920	FINAL RELEASE AND WAIVER OF MECHANIC’S LIEN
013101	REQUEST FOR INFORMATION
013200	CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS DOCUMENTATION
013233	PHOTOGRAPHIC DOCUMENTATION
013300	SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES
015713	TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL (TESC)

DIVISION 03 - CONCRETE

033000	CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE
--------	------------------------

DIVISION 4 - MASONRY

042613	MASONRY VENEER
--------	----------------

DIVISION 5 - METALS

051200	STRUCTURAL STEEL FRAMING
052100	STEEL JOIST FRAMING
053100	STEEL DECKING
054000	COLD-FORMED STEEL FRAMING
055000	METAL FABRICATION

DIVISION 06 - WOOD, PLASTICS, AND COMPOSITES

061000	ROUGH CARPENTRY
061001	ROUGH CARPENTRY - ARCHITECTURE
061600	WOOD SHEATHING
061753	SHOP-FABRICATED WOOD TRUSSES
064100	ARCHITECTURAL WOOD CASEWORK

DIVISION 07 - THERMAL AND MOISTURE PROTECTION

072600	VAPOR RETARDERS
078400	FIRESTOPPING
079200	JOINT SEALANTS

DIVISION 08 - OPENINGS

081113	HOLLOW METAL DOORS AND FRAMES
081416	FLUSH WOOD DOORS

083100	ACCESS DOORS AND PANELS
084313	ALUMINUM-FRAMED STOREFRONTS
088000	GLAZING

DIVISION 09 - FINISHES

092116	GYPSUM BOARD ASSEMBLIES
096500	RESILIENT FLOORING
099113	EXTERIOR PAINTING
099123	INTERIOR PAINTING

DIVISION 12 - FURNISHINGS

123600	COUNTERTOPS
--------	-------------

DIVISION 21 – FIRE SUPPRESSION

210517	SLEEVES AND SLEEVE SEALS FOR FIRE-SUPPRESSION PIPING
210518	ESCUTCHEONS FOR FIRE-SUPPRESSION PIPING
210523	GENERAL-DUTY VALVES FOR FIRE PROTECTION PIPING
210529	HANGERS AND SUPPORTS FOR FIRE SUPPRESSION PIPING AND EQUIPMENT
210553	IDENTIFICATION FOR FIRE-SUPPRESSION PIPING AND EQUIPMENT
211313	WET-PIPE SPRINKLER SYSTEMS
211316	DRY-PIPE SPRINKLER SYSTEMS

DIVISION 22 - PLUMBING

220517	SLEEVES AND SLEEVE SEALS FOR PLUMBING PIPING
220518	ESCUTCHEONS FOR PLUMBING PIPING
220523	GENERAL-DUTY VALVES FOR PLUMBING
220529	HANGERS AND SUPPORTS FOR PLUMBING PIPING AND EQUIPMENT
220553	IDENTIFICATION FOR PLUMBING PIPING AND EQUIPMENT
220719	PLUMBING PIPING INSULATION
221116	DOMESTIC WATER PIPING
221119	DOMESTIC WATER PIPING SPECIALTIES
221316	SANITARY WASTE AND VENT PIPING
221319	SANITARY WASTE PIPING SPECIALTIES
221413	FACILITY STORM DRAINAGE PIPING
224000	PLUMBING FIXTURES

DIVISION 23 – HEATING, VENTILATING, AND AIR-CONDITIONING (HVAC)

230513	COMMON MOTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR HVAC EQUIPMENT
230593	TESTING, ADJUSTING, AND BALANCING FOR HVAC
230713	DUCT INSULATION
230800	COMMISSIONING OF HVAC
230993	SEQUENCE OF OPERATIONS

232923	VARIABLE-FREQUENCY MOTOR CONTROLLERS
233113	METAL DUCTS
233300	AIR DUCT ACCESSORIES
233600	AIR TERMINAL UNITS
233713	DIFFUSERS, REGISTERS, AND GRILLES
237200	ROOF ACCESSORIES
237414	PACKAGED ROOFTOP UNITS
DIVISION 26 - ELECTRICAL	
260500	COMMON WORK RESULTS
260519	LOW-VOLTAGE CONDUCTORS
260526	GROUNDING AND BONDING FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS
260529	HANGERS & SUPPORTS
260533	RACEWAY AND BOXES FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS
260553	IDENTIFICATION FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS
260923	LIGHTING CONTROL DEVICES
262416	PANELBOARDS
262726	WIRING DEVICES
265100	INTERIOR LIGHTING
265600	EXTERIOR LIGHTING

DIVISION 28 – ELECTRONIC SAFETY AND SECURITY

283111            DIGITAL, ADDRESSABLE FIRE-ALARM SYSTEM

DIVISION 31 - EARTHWORK

311000            SITE CLEARING

312300            EXCAVATION AND FILL - A

314100            SHORING

DIVISION 32 – EXTERIOR IMPROVEMENTS

321216            ASPHALT PAVING

321313            CEMENT CONCRETE PAVING

329213.13        TOP SOILING, SEEDING, AND SODDING

DIVISION 33 - UTILITIES

330513.16        PRECAST MANHOLES, FRAMES, AND COVERS

330545            REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE

## SECTION 011000 - SUMMARY

### PART 1 GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Project Information
- B. Work Covered by Contract Documents
- C. Owner-furnished products
- D. Access to site
- E. Coordination with occupants
- F. Contractor use of premises
- G. Work restrictions
- H. Specification and drawing conventions

#### 1.3 PROJECT INFORMATION

- A. Project Identification: NCWSA Office Addition
  - 1. Project Location: 11325 Brown Bridge Road, Project Location Address 2, Covington, Georgia 30016
- B. Owner: Newton County Water & Sewer Authority
- C. Architect: Wendel Architecture, P.C., 1100 Abernathy Road, NE, Suite 1050, Atlanta, GA 30328.
- D. Architect's Consultants: The Architect has retained the following design professionals who have prepared designated portions of the Contract Documents.
  - 1. \_\_\_\_\_ : \_\_\_\_\_ .
- E. Construction Manager: Construction Manager Name
  - 1. Construction Manager has been engaged for this Project to serve as an advisor to the Owner and to provide assistance in administering the Contract for Construction between the Owner and each Contractor, according to a separate contract between Owner and Construction Manager.
  - 2. Construction Manager for the Project is the Project's Constructor. The terms "Construction Manager" and "Contractor" are synonymous.

#### 1.4 WORK COVERED BY CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

- A. The Work of Project is defined by the Contract Documents and consists of the following:
- \_\_\_\_\_

#### 1.5 OWNER-FURNISHED PRODUCTS

- A. Owner will furnish products indicated. The Work includes receiving, unloading, handling, storing, protecting, and installing Owner-furnished products making building services connections.
- B. Owner-Furnished Products:
- \_\_\_\_\_

#### 1.6 ACCESS TO SITE

- A. General: Contractor shall have full use of Project site for construction operations during construction period. Contractor's use of Project site is limited only by Owner's right to perform work or to retain other contractors on portions of Project.
- B. General: Contractor shall have limited use of Project site for construction operations as indicated on Drawings by the Contract limits and as indicated by requirements of this Section.
- C. Use of Site: Limit use of Project site to work in areas indicated. Do not disturb portions of Project site beyond areas in which the Work is indicated.
1. Limits: Confine construction operations to \_\_\_.
  2. Limits: Limit site disturbance, including earthwork and clearing of vegetation, to 40 feet beyond building perimeter; 10 feet beyond surface walkways, patios, surface parking, and utilities less than 12 inches in diameter; 15 feet beyond primary roadway curbs and main utility branch trenches; and 25 feet beyond constructed areas with permeable surfaces (such as pervious paving areas, stormwater detention facilities, and playing fields) that require additional staging areas in order to limit compaction in the constructed area.
  3. Driveways, Walkways and Entrances: Keep driveways parking garage and entrances serving premises clear and available to Owner, Owner's employees, and emergency vehicles at all times. Do not use these areas for parking or storage of materials.
- D. Deliveries shall be coordinated with the Construction Manager.
- E. Schedule deliveries to minimize use of driveways and entrances by construction operations
- F. Schedule deliveries to minimize space and time requirements for storage construction operations.
- G. Condition of Existing Building: Maintain portions of existing building affected by construction operations in a weathertight condition throughout construction period. Repair damage caused by construction operations.

#### 1.7 COORDINATION WITH OCCUPANTS

- A. Partial Owner Occupancy: Owner will occupy the premises during entire construction period, with the exception of areas under construction. Cooperate with Owner during construction

operations to minimize conflicts and facilitate Owner usage. Perform the Work so as not to interfere with Owner's operations. Maintain existing exits unless otherwise indicated.

Maintain access to existing walkways, corridors, and other adjacent occupied or used facilities. Do not close or obstruct walkways, corridors, or other occupied or used facilities without written permission from Owner and approval of authorities having jurisdiction.

Provide not less than \_\_ hours' notice to Owner of activities that will affect Owner's operations.

- B. Owner Limited Occupancy of Completed Areas of Construction: Owner reserves the right to occupy and to place and install equipment in completed portions of the Work, prior to Substantial Completion of the Work, provided such occupancy does not interfere with completion of the Work. Such placement of equipment and limited occupancy shall not constitute acceptance of the total Work.

Architect will prepare a Certificate of Substantial Completion for each specific portion of the Work to be occupied prior to Owner acceptance of the completed Work.

Obtain a Certificate of Occupancy from authorities having jurisdiction before limited Owner occupancy.

Before limited Owner occupancy, mechanical and electrical systems shall be fully operational, and required tests and inspections shall be successfully completed. On occupancy, Owner will operate and maintain mechanical and electrical systems serving occupied portions of Work.

On occupancy, Owner will assume responsibility for maintenance and custodial service for occupied portions of Work.

## 1.8 CONTRACTOR USE OF PREMISES

- A. Use of the Site: Limit use of the premises to work in areas indicated. Confine operations to areas within contract limits indicated. Do not disturb portions of the site beyond the areas in which the Work is indicated.
1. Owner Occupancy: Allow for Owner occupancy and use by the public for the entire duration of the project. Owner's operations are continuous, 24 hours per day, 7 days per week, 365 days per year.
  2. Driveways and Entrances: Keep driveways and entrances serving the premises clear and available to the Owner, the Owner's employees, and emergency vehicles at all times. Do not use these areas for parking or storage of materials. Schedule deliveries to minimize space and time requirements for storage of materials and equipment on-site.
  3. Owner's existing parking lots are not to be used for parking of construction workers vehicles or staging of materials or equipment, unless authorized specifically by the Owner.
  4. All deliveries to the Contractor at the site must be accepted at the site by the Contractor, regardless of time of delivery. The Owner will not accept deliveries for the Contractor at any time.
- B. Use of the Existing Building: Maintain the existing building in a weathertight condition throughout the construction period. Repair any damage caused by weather or construction operations. Take all precautions necessary to protect the building and its occupants during the construction period. Restore to new condition any lawn, pavement, sidewalk, etc., damage by construction and staging operations.
1. Repair lawns with sod matching existing lawns, not with seed.

## 1.9 WORK RESTRICTIONS

- A. Work Restrictions, General: Comply with restrictions on construction operations.  
Comply with limitations on use of public streets and with other requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. On-Site Work Hours: Limit work in the existing building to normal business working hours of 7 a.m. to 3:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, unless otherwise indicated.  
Weekend Hours: To Be Determined by Owner  
Early Morning Hours: To Be Determined by Owner  
Hours for Utility Shutdowns: To Be Determined by Owner
- C. Existing Utility Interruptions: Do not interrupt utilities serving facilities occupied by Owner or others unless permitted under the following conditions and then only after providing temporary utility services according to requirements indicated:  
Notify Owner's Representative not less than seven (7) days in advance of proposed utility interruptions.  
Obtain Owner's Representative written permission before proceeding with utility interruptions.
- D. Noise, Vibration, and Odors: Coordinate operations that may result in high levels of noise and vibration, odors, or other disruption to Owner occupancy with Owner.  
Notify Owner's Representative not less than seven (7) days in advance of proposed disruptive operations.  
Obtain Owner's Representative written permission before proceeding with disruptive operations.
- E. Nonsmoking Building: Smoking is not permitted within the building and the Project site at any time. There will be no exceptions.
- F. Controlled Substances: Use of tobacco products and other controlled substances within the building is not permitted.
- G. Employee Identification: Provide identification tags for Contractor personnel working on Project site. Require personnel to use identification tags at all times.
- H. Employee Screening: Comply with Owner's requirements for drug screening of Contractor personnel working on Project site.
  - 1. Maintain list of approved screened personnel with Owner's representative.

## 1.10 SPECIFICATION AND DRAWING CONVENTIONS

- A. Specification Content: The Specifications use certain conventions for the style of language and the intended meaning of certain terms, words, and phrases when used in particular situations.
- B. These conventions are as follows:
  - 1. Abbreviated Language: Language used in the Specifications and other Contract Documents are abbreviated. Words and meanings shall be interpreted as appropriate. Words implied, but not stated, shall be inferred as the sense requires. Singular words shall be interpreted as plural, and plural words shall be interpreted as singular where applicable as the context of the Contract Documents indicates.

2. Imperative mood and streamlined language are generally used in the Specifications. Requirements expressed in the imperative mood are to be performed by Contractor. Occasionally, the indicative or subjunctive mood may be used in the Section Text for clarity to describe responsibilities that must be fulfilled indirectly by Contractor or by others when so noted.
  3. The words "Shall", "Shall Be" or "Shall Comply With," depending on the context, are implied where a colon (:) is used within a sentence or phrase.
  4. Specification requirements are to be performed by Contractor unless specifically stated otherwise.
- C. Division 01 General Requirements: Requirements of Sections in Division 01 apply to the Work of all Sections in the Specifications.
- D. Drawing Coordination: Requirements for materials and products identified on Drawings are described in detail in the Specifications. One or more of the following are used on Drawings to identify materials and products:
- Terminology: Materials and products are identified by the typical generic terms used in the individual Specifications Sections.
  - Abbreviations: Materials and products are identified by abbreviations scheduled on Drawings.
  - Keynoting: Materials and products are identified by reference keynotes referencing Specification Section numbers found in this Project Manual.

#### 1.11 MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

- A. Project Superintendent: The Owner must approve the Contractor's project superintendent for the work. Submit resume of proposed superintendent together with Bid.
- Full Time Superintendent: The Contractor's project superintendent is required to be on site full time for the duration of the project or until such time as mutually agreed upon by the Owner, Architect, and Contractor. No substitution of project superintendents by the Contractor after work begins will be allowed without prior approval by Architect, Construction Manager, and Owner.
- B. Licensed Contractors/Subcontractors: Prime Contractor and all Subcontractors must be licensed to work at \_\_\_\_ in each of their perspective fields of work on the Project.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (NOT USED)

END OF SECTION 011000

## SECTION 012100 - ALLOWANCES

### PART 1 GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements governing allowances.
  - 1. Certain items are specified in the Contract Documents by allowances. Allowances have been established in lieu of additional requirements and to defer selection of actual materials and equipment to a later date when direction will be provided to Contractor by the Architect. Additional requirements will be issued by Change Order, if any, by the Architect.
- B. Types of allowances include the following:
  - 1. Lump-sum allowances.

#### 1.3 SELECTION AND PURCHASE

- A. At the earliest practical date after award of the Contract, inform Architect of the date when final selection and purchase of each product or system described by an allowance must be completed to avoid delaying the Work.
- B. At the Architect's request, obtain proposals for each allowance for use in making final selections. Include recommendations that are relevant to performing the Work.
- C. Purchase products and systems selected by Architect from the designated supplier.

#### 1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit proposals for purchase of products or systems included in allowances, in the form specified for Change Orders.

#### 1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit invoices or delivery slips to show actual quantities of materials delivered to the site for use in fulfillment of each allowance.
- B. Submit time sheets and other documentation to show labor time and cost for installation of allowance items that include installation as part of the allowance.
- C. Coordinate and process submittals for allowance items in same manner as for other portions of the Work.

1.6 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate allowance items with other portions of the Work. Furnish templates as required to coordinate installation.

1.7 LUMP-SUM, UNIT-COST, AND QUANTITY ALLOWANCES

- A. Allowance shall include cost to Contractor of specific products and materials ordered by Owner or selected by the Architect under allowance and shall include taxes and freight and delivery to Project site.
- B. Unless otherwise indicated, Contractor's costs for receiving and handling at Project site, labor, installation, overhead and profit, and similar costs related to products and materials ordered by Owner or selected by Architect under allowance shall be included as part of the Contract Sum and not as part of the allowance.

1.8 CONTINGENCY ALLOWANCES

- A. Use the contingency allowance only as directed by Architect for Owner's purposes and only by Change Orders that indicate amounts to be charged to the allowance.
- B. Contractor's overhead, profit, and related costs for products and equipment ordered by Owner under the contingency allowance are included in the allowance and are not part of the Contract Sum. These costs include delivery, installation, taxes, insurance, equipment rental, and similar costs.
- C. Change Orders authorizing use of funds from the contingency allowance will include Contractor's related costs and reasonable overhead and profit margins.
- D. At Project closeout, credit unused amounts remaining in the contingency allowance to Owner by Change Order.

1.9 TESTING AND INSPECTING ALLOWANCES

- A. Testing and inspecting allowances include the cost of engaging testing agencies, actual tests and inspections, and reporting results.
- B. The allowance does not include incidental labor required to assist the testing agency or costs for retesting if previous tests and inspections result in failure. The cost for incidental labor to assist the testing agency shall be included in the Contract Sum.
- C. Costs of services not required by the Contract Documents are not included in the allowance.
- D. At Project closeout, credit unused amounts remaining in the testing and inspecting allowance to Owner by Change Order.

1.10 ADJUSTMENT OF ALLOWANCES

- A. Allowance Adjustment: To adjust allowance amounts, submit a Change Order proposal based on the difference between purchase amount and the allowance, multiplied by final measurement of work-in-place where applicable. If applicable, include reasonable allowances for cutting losses, tolerances, mixing wastes, normal product imperfections, and similar margins.

1. Include installation costs in purchase amount only where indicated as part of the allowance.
  2. If requested, prepare explanation and documentation to substantiate distribution of overhead costs and other margins claimed.
  3. Submit substantiation of a change in scope of work, if any, claimed in Change Orders related to unit-cost allowances.
  4. Owner reserves the right to establish the quantity of work-in-place by independent quantity survey, measurement or count.
- B. Submit claims for increased costs because of a change in scope or nature of the allowance described in the Contract Documents, whether for the purchase order amount or Contractor's handling, labor, installation, overhead, and profit.
1. Do not include Contractor's or subcontractor's indirect expense in the Change Order cost amount unless it is clearly shown that the nature or extent of work has changed from what could have been foreseen from information in the Contract Documents.
  2. No change to Contractor's indirect expense is permitted for selection of higher- or lower-priced materials or systems of the same scope and nature as originally indicated.

## PART 2 PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

## PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine products covered by an allowance promptly on delivery for damage or defects. Return damaged or defective products to manufacturer for replacement.

### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Coordinate materials and their installation for each allowance with related materials and installations to ensure that each allowance item is completely integrated and interfaced with related work.

### 3.3 SCHEDULE OF ALLOWANCES

- A. Allowance No. \_\_\_\_\_; LUMP-SUM Allowance: Include the sum of \_\_\_\_\_; Include as specified in Section " \_\_\_\_\_ " and as shown on Drawings.
1. This allowance includes material cost, receiving, handling, and installation, and Contractor overhead and profit .
  2. Coordinate quantity allowance adjustment with corresponding unit-price requirements in Section 012200 "Unit Prices."

END OF SECTION 012100

## SECTION 012200 - UNIT PRICES

### PART 1 GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for unit prices.

#### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Unit price is an amount proposed by bidders, stated on the Bid or Proposal Form, incorporated in the Agreement and applicable during the duration of the Work as a price per unit of measurement for materials, equipment, or services, or a portion of the Work, added to or deducted from the Contract Sum by appropriate modification, if the scope of Work or estimated quantities of Work required by the Contract Documents are increased or decreased.
- B. Bidders are advised that quantity allowances of work, if specified in the Contract Documents, are approximate only and are subject to increase or decrease, and that the work shall be performed at the Unit Prices stated on the Bid or Proposal Form whether the quantities are increased or decreased.

#### 1.4 PROCEDURES

- A. Unit prices include all necessary and incidental material, plus cost for delivery, installation, rental, insurance, applicable taxes, overhead, and profit and similar costs.
- B. Measurement and Payment: See individual Specification Sections for work that requires establishment of unit prices. Methods of measurement and payment for unit prices are specified in those Sections.
- C. Owner reserves the right question or to reject Contractor's measurement of work-in-place that involves use of established unit prices and to have this work measured, at Owner's expense, by the Owner's designated representative.
- D. List of Unit Prices: A schedule of unit prices is included in Part 3. Specification Sections referenced in the schedule contain requirements for materials described under each unit price.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 SCHEDULE OF UNIT PRICES

NCWSA Office Addition – 60% Design  
Wendel Project No. 616202

END OF SECTION 012200

## SECTION 012300 - ALTERNATES

### PART 1 GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for alternates.

#### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Alternate: An amount proposed by bidders and stated on the Bid Form for certain work defined in the bidding requirements that may be added to or deducted from the base bid amount if Owner decides to accept a corresponding change either in the amount of construction to be completed or in the products, materials, equipment, systems, or installation methods described in the Contract Documents.
  - 1. Alternates described in this Section are part of the Work only if accepted in writing by the Owner and enumerated in the Agreement, or added to the Agreement by Change Order.
  - 2. The cost or credit for each alternate is the net addition to or deduction from the Contract Sum to incorporate alternate into the Work. No other adjustments are made to the Contract Sum.

#### 1.4 PROCEDURES

- A. Coordination: Revise or adjust affected adjacent work as necessary to completely integrate work of the alternate into Project.
- B. Execute accepted alternates under the same conditions as other work of the Contract.
- C. Schedule: A schedule of alternates is included at the end of this Section. Specification Sections referenced in schedule contain requirements for materials necessary to achieve the work described under each alternate.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 SCHEDULE OF ALTERNATES

END OF SECTION 012300

## SECTION 012600 - CONTRACT MODIFICATION PROCEDURES

### PART 1 GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for handling and processing Contract modifications.

#### 1.3 MINOR CHANGES IN THE WORK

- A. Architect will issue through Construction Manager supplemental instructions authorizing minor changes in the Work, not involving adjustment to the Contract Sum or the Contract Time, on AIA Document G710, "Architect's Supplemental Instructions."

#### 1.4 PROPOSAL REQUESTS

- A. Owner-Initiated Proposal Requests: Architect will issue a detailed description of proposed changes in the Work that may require adjustment to the Contract Sum or the Contract Time. If necessary, the description will include supplemental or revised Drawings and Specifications.
  1. Work Change Proposal Requests issued by Architect are not instructions either to stop work in progress or to execute the proposed change.
  2. Within 14 calendar days, when not otherwise specified, after receipt of Proposal Request, submit a quotation estimating cost adjustments to the Contract Sum and the Contract Time necessary to execute the change.
  3. Include costs of labor and supervision directly attributable to the change.
  4. Include an updated Contractor's construction schedule that indicates the effect of the change, including, but not limited to, changes in activity duration, start and finish times, and activity relationship. Use available total float before requesting an extension of the Contract Time.
  5. Quotation Form: Use forms acceptable to Architect .
- B. Contractor-Initiated Proposals: If latent or changed conditions require modifications to the Contract, Contractor may initiate a claim by submitting a request for a change to Architect .
  1. Include a statement outlining reasons for the change and the effect of the change on the Work. Provide a complete description of the proposed change. Indicate the effect of the proposed change on the Contract Sum and the Contract Time.
  2. Include a list of quantities of products required or eliminated and unit costs, with total amount of purchases and credits to be made. If requested, furnish survey data to substantiate quantities.
  3. Indicate applicable taxes, delivery charges, equipment rental, and amounts of trade discounts.

4. Include costs of labor and supervision directly attributable to the change.
5. Include an updated Contractor's construction schedule that indicates the effect of the change, including, but not limited to, changes in activity duration, start and finish times, and activity relationship. Use available total float before requesting an extension of the Contract Time.
6. Comply with requirements in Section 012500 "Substitution Procedures" if the proposed change requires substitution of one product or system for product or system specified.
7. Proposal Request Form: Use form acceptable to Architect.

#### 1.5 ADMINISTRATIVE CHANGE ORDERS

- A. Allowance Adjustment: See Section 012100 "Allowances" for administrative procedures for preparation of Change Order Proposal for adjusting the Contract Sum to reflect actual costs of allowances.
- B. Unit-Price Adjustment: See Section 012200 "Unit Prices" for administrative procedures for preparation of Change Order Proposal for adjusting the Contract Sum to reflect measured scope of unit-price work.

#### 1.6 CHANGE ORDER PROCEDURES

- A. On Owner's approval of a Work Changes Proposal Request, Architect will issue a Change Order for signatures of Owner and Contractor on AIA Document G701.

#### 1.7 CONSTRUCTION CHANGE DIRECTIVE

- A. Construction Change Directive: Architect may issue a Construction Change Directive on AIA Document G714. Construction Change Directive instructs Contractor to proceed with a change in the Work, for subsequent inclusion in a Change Order.
  1. Construction Change Directive contains a complete description of change in the Work. It also designates method to be followed to determine change in the Contract Sum or the Contract Time.
- B. Documentation: Maintain detailed records on a time and material basis of work required by the Construction Change Directive.
  1. After completion of change, submit an itemized account and supporting data necessary to substantiate cost and time adjustments to the Contract.

PART 2 PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 EXECUTION (NOT USED)

END OF SECTION 012600

## SECTION 012900 - PAYMENT PROCEDURES

### PART 1 GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements necessary to prepare and process Applications for Payment.

#### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Schedule of Values: A statement furnished by Contractor allocating portions of the Contract Sum to various portions of the Work and used as the basis for reviewing Contractor's Applications for Payment.

#### 1.4 SCHEDULE OF VALUES

- A. Coordination: Coordinate preparation of the schedule of values with preparation of Contractor's construction schedule.
  - 1. Coordinate line items in the schedule of values with other required administrative forms and schedules, including the following:
    - a. Application for Payment forms with continuation sheets.
    - b. Submittal schedule.
  - 2. Submit the schedule of values to Architect at earliest possible date, but no later than five (5) calendar days before the date scheduled for submittal of initial Applications for Payment.
- B. Format and Content: Use Project Manual table of contents as a guide to establish line items for the schedule of values. Provide at least one line item for each Specification Section.
  - 1. Identification: Include the following Project identification on the schedule of values:
    - a. Project name and location.
    - b. Name of Architect.
    - c. Architect's project number(s).
    - d. Contractor's name and address.
    - e. Date of submittal.
  - 2. Arrange the schedule of values in tabular form with separate columns to indicate the following for each item listed:
    - a. Related Specification Section or Division.
    - b. Description of the Work.
    - c. Name of subcontractor.
    - d. Name of manufacturer or fabricator.
    - e. Name of supplier.

- f. Change Orders (numbers) that affect value.
- g. Dollar value of the following, as a percentage of the Contract Sum to nearest one-hundredth percent, adjusted to total 100 percent.
  - 1) Labor.
  - 2) Materials.
  - 3) Equipment.
3. Provide a breakdown of the Contract Sum in enough detail to facilitate continued evaluation of Applications for Payment and progress reports. Coordinate with Project Manual table of contents. Provide multiple line items for principal subcontract amounts in excess of five (5) percent of the Contract Sum.
4. Round amounts to nearest whole dollar; total shall equal the Contract Sum.
5. Provide a separate line item in the schedule of values for each part of the Work where Applications for Payment may include materials or equipment purchased or fabricated and stored but not yet installed.
  - a. Differentiate between items stored on-site and items stored off-site. Regardless of on- or off-site storage, provide evidence of insurance for such.
6. Provide separate line items in the schedule of values for initial cost of materials, for each subsequent stage of completion, and for total installed value of that part of the Work.
7. Allowances: Provide a separate line item in the schedule of values for each allowance. Show line-item value of unit-cost allowances, as a product of the unit cost, multiplied by measured quantity. Use information indicated in the Contract Documents to determine quantities.
8. Purchase Contracts: Provide a separate line item in the schedule of values for each purchase contract. Show line-item value of purchase contract. Indicate owner payments or deposits, if any, and balance to be paid by Contractor.
9. Each item in the schedule of values and Applications for Payment shall be complete. Include total cost and proportionate share of general overhead and profit for each item.
10. Schedule Updating: Update and resubmit the schedule of values before the next Applications for Payment when Change Orders or Construction Change Directives result in a change in the Contract Sum.

#### 1.5 APPLICATIONS FOR PAYMENT

- A. Each Application for Payment following the initial Application for Payment shall be consistent with previous applications and payments as certified by Architect and paid for by Owner.
- B. Payment Application Times: The date for each progress payment is indicated in the Agreement between Owner and Contractor. The period of construction work covered by each Application for Payment is the period indicated in the Agreement.
- C. Payment Application Times: Submit Application for Payment to Architect by the 20th of the month. The period covered by each Application for Payment is one month, ending on the last day of the month .
  1. Submit draft copy of Application for Payment seven (7) calendar days prior to due date for review by Architect.
- D. Application Preparation: Complete every entry on form. Notarize and execute by a person authorized to sign legal documents on behalf of Contractor. Architect will return incomplete applications without action.

- E. **Stored Materials:** Include in Application for Payment amounts applied for materials or equipment purchased or fabricated and stored, but not yet installed. Differentiate between items stored on-site and items stored off-site.
  - 1. Provide certificate of insurance, evidence of transfer of title to Owner, and consent of surety to payment, for stored materials.
  - 2. Provide supporting documentation that verifies amount requested, such as paid invoices. Match amount requested with amounts indicated on documentation; do not include overhead and profit on stored materials.
  - 3. Provide summary documentation for stored materials indicating the following:
    - a. Value of materials previously stored and remaining stored as of date of previous Applications for Payment.
    - b. Value of previously stored materials put in place after date of previous Application for Payment and on or before date of current Application for Payment.
    - c. Value of materials stored since date of previous Application for Payment and remaining stored as of date of current Application for Payment.
- F. **Transmittal:** Submit three (3) signed and notarized original copies of each Application for Payment to Architect by a method ensuring receipt within 24 hours.
- G. **Waivers of Mechanic's Lien:** With each Application for Payment, submit waivers of mechanic's lien from entities lawfully entitled to file a mechanic's lien arising out of the Contract and related to the Work covered by the payment.
  - 1. Submit partial waivers on each item for amount requested in previous application, after deduction for retainage, on each item.
  - 2. When an application shows completion of an item, submit conditional final or full waivers.
  - 3. Owner reserves the right to designate which entities involved in the Work must submit waivers.
  - 4. **Waiver Forms:** Submit executed waivers of lien on forms acceptable to Owner.
- H. **Initial Application for Payment:** Administrative actions and submittals that must precede or coincide with submittal of first Application for Payment include the following:
  - 1. List of subcontractors.
  - 2. Schedule of values.
  - 3. Contractor's construction schedule (preliminary if not final).
  - 4. Products list (preliminary if not final).
  - 5. Schedule of unit prices.
  - 6. Submittal schedule (preliminary if not final).
  - 7. List of Contractor's staff assignments.
  - 8. List of Contractor's principal consultants.
  - 9. Copies of building permits.
  - 10. Initial progress report.
  - 11. Report of preconstruction conference.
  - 12. Certificates of insurance and insurance policies.
  - 13. Performance and payment bonds.
  - 14. Data needed to acquire Owner's insurance.
- I. **Application for Payment at Substantial Completion:** After Architect issues the Certificate of Substantial Completion, submit an Application for Payment showing 100 percent completion for portion of the Work claimed as substantially complete.

1. Include documentation supporting claim that the Work is substantially complete and a statement showing an accounting of changes to the Contract Sum.
  
- J. Final Payment Application: After completing Project closeout requirements, submit final Application for Payment with releases and supporting documentation not previously submitted and accepted, including, but not limited, to the following:
  1. Evidence of completion of Project closeout requirements.

PART 2 PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 EXECUTION (NOT USED)

END OF SECTION 012900



On the \_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ in the year 20\_\_ before me, the undersigned, a Notary Public in and for said State, personally appeared \_\_\_\_\_, personally known to me or proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence to be the individual(s) whose name(s) is (are) subscribed to the within instrument and acknowledged to me that he/she/they executed the same in his/her/their capacity(ies), and that by his/her/their signature(s) on the instrument, the individual(s), or the person upon behalf of which the individual(s) acted, executed the instrument.

Notary Public

(Signature and office of individual taking acknowledgment.)



NCWSA Office Addition – 60% Design  
Wendel Project No. 616202

On the \_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ in the year 20\_\_ before me, the undersigned, a Notary Public in and for said State, personally appeared \_\_\_\_\_, personally known to me or proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence to be the individual(s) whose name(s) is (are) subscribed to the within instrument and acknowledged to me that he/she/they executed the same in his/her/their capacity(ies), and that by his/her/their signature(s) on the instrument, the individual(s), or the person upon behalf of which the individual(s) acted, executed the instrument.

Notary Public

(Signature and office of individual taking acknowledgment.)

## REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

Contractor's Name:  
Address:  
City, State, Zip:  
Phone:  
Email:

---

Contractor's RFI No.: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
RFI Title: \_\_\_\_\_ Job No.: \_\_\_\_\_

---

PROJECT:           00 Wendel Office Master  
PROJECT No:       Design Professional's Project Number  
TO:                 Wendel  
                      375 Essjay Road, Suite 200  
                      Williamsville, New York, 14221  
  
ATTN:             .  
                      name@wendelcompanies.com

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QUESTION:

ANSWER:

NCWSA Office Addition – 60% Design  
Wendel Project No. 616202

Note: The response to this RFI is for clarification of the contract documents. The response is NOT authorization to proceed with additional work.

Answered By: \_\_\_\_\_ Date:

## SECTION 013200 - CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS DOCUMENTATION

### PART 1 GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for documenting the progress of construction during performance of the Work, including but not limited to, the following:
  1. Preliminary construction schedule.
  2. Contractor's construction schedule.
  3. Submittal schedule.
  4. Daily construction reports.
  5. Material location reports.
  6. Site condition reports.
  7. Special reports.

#### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Activity: A discrete part of a project that can be identified for planning, scheduling, monitoring, and controlling the construction project. Activities included in a construction schedule consume time and resources.
  1. Critical Activity: An activity on the critical path that must start and finish on the planned early start and finish times.
  2. Predecessor Activity: An activity that precedes another activity in the network.
  3. Successor Activity: An activity that follows another activity in the network.
- B. CPM: Critical path method, which is a method of planning and scheduling a construction project where activities are arranged based on activity relationships. Network calculations determine when activities can be performed and the critical path of Project.
- C. Critical Path: The longest connected chain of interdependent activities through the network schedule that establishes the minimum overall Project duration and contains no float.
- D. Event: The starting or ending point of an activity.
- E. Float: The measure of leeway in starting and completing an activity.
  1. Float time belongs to Owner.
  2. Free float is the amount of time an activity can be delayed without adversely affecting the early start of the successor activity.
  3. Total float is the measure of leeway in starting or completing an activity without adversely affecting the planned Project completion date.

#### 1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Format for Submittals: Submit required submittals in the following format:
  - 1. Working electronic copy of schedule file, where indicated.
  - 2. PDF electronic file.
  - 3. Two (2) paper copies.
- B. Qualification Data for Scheduling Consultant: For consultant or in-house persons specified in “Quality Assurance” Article to demonstrate their capabilities and experience. Include lists of completed projects with project names and addresses, names and addresses of architects and owners, and other information specified.
- C. Preliminary construction schedule.
  - 1. Approval of startup construction schedule will not constitute approval of schedule of values for cost-loaded activities.
- D. Submittals Schedule: Submit submittals schedule, conforming to dates on the Contractor’s Construction Schedule. Include any required submittals not included on the schedule. Arrange the following information in a tabular format:
  - 1. Scheduled dates for first submittal.
  - 2. Specification Section number and title.
  - 3. Submittal category (action or informational)
  - 4. Name of subcontractor.
  - 5. Description of the Work covered.
  - 6. Scheduled date for Architect’s and Owner’s final release or approval.
- E. Contractor's Construction Schedule: Submit on 11”x17” paper for review as required to display entire schedule for entire construction period.
  - 1. Submit a working electronic copy of schedule, using software indicated, and labeled to comply with requirements for submittals. Include type of schedule (initial or updated) and date on label.
- F. CPM Reports: Concurrent with CPM schedule, submit each of the following reports. Format for each activity in reports shall contain activity number, activity description and resource loading, original duration, remaining duration, early start date, early finish date, late start date, late finish date, and total float in calendar days.
  - 1. Activity Report: List of all activities sorted by activity number and then early start date, or actual start date if known.
  - 2. Logic Report: List of preceding and succeeding activities for all activities, sorted in ascending order by activity number and then early start date, or actual start date if known.
  - 3. Total Float Report: List of all activities sorted in ascending order of total float.
    - a. Daily Construction Reports: Submit at weekly intervals.
- G. Material Location Reports: Submit at monthly intervals.
- H. Site Condition Reports: Submit at time of discovery of differing conditions.
- I. Special Reports: Submit at time of unusual event.
- J. Two Week Look-Ahead Schedules: Submit at weekly intervals.

## 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Scheduling Consultant Qualifications: An experienced specialist in CPM scheduling and reporting, with capability of producing CPM reports and diagrams within 24 hours of Architect's request. This shall be a consultant to the contractor or an in-house scheduling specialist, if approved by Owner.
- B. Prescheduling Conference: Conduct conference at Project site to comply with requirements in Section 013100 "Project Management and Coordination" and Section Section 011000 "Summary Single Prime". Review methods and procedures related to the preliminary construction schedule and Contractor's construction schedule, including, but not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Review software limitations and content and format for reports.
  - 2. Verify availability of qualified personnel needed to develop and update schedule.
  - 3. Discuss constraints, including phasing, work stages, area separations, interim milestones, and partial Owner occupancy .
  - 4. Review delivery dates for Owner-furnished products.
  - 5. Review schedule for work of Owner's separate contracts.
  - 6. Review submittal requirements and procedures.
  - 7. Review time required for review of submittals and resubmittals.
  - 8. Review requirements for tests and inspections by independent testing and inspecting agencies.
  - 9. Review time required for Project closeout and Owner startup procedures, including commissioning activities.
  - 10. Review and finalize list of construction activities to be included in schedule.
  - 11. Review procedures for updating schedule.

## 1.6 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate Contractor's construction schedule with the schedule of values, list of subcontracts, submittal schedule, progress reports, payment requests, and other required schedules and reports.
  - 1. Secure time commitments for performing critical elements of the Work from entities involved.
  - 2. Coordinate each construction activity in the network with other activities and schedule them in proper sequence.

## PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.1 SUBMITTAL SCHEDULE

- A. Preparation: Submit a schedule of submittals, arranged in chronological order by dates required per construction schedule. Include time required for review, resubmittal, ordering, manufacturing, fabrication, and delivery when establishing dates.
  - 1. Coordinate Submittals Schedule with list of subcontracts, the Schedule of Values, and Contractor's Construction Schedule.
  - 2. Initial Submittal: Submit within 10 business days of Notice to Proceed. Include submittals required during the first 60 calendar days of construction. List those required to maintain orderly progress of the Work and those required early because of long lead time for manufacture or fabrication.

3. Final Submittal: Submit concurrently with the first complete submittal of Contractor's Construction Schedule. Update monthly as required.

## 2.2 CONTRACTOR'S CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE, GENERAL

- A. Time Frame: Extend schedule from date established for Notice to Proceed to date of Substantial Completion .
  1. Contract completion date(s) shall not be changed by submission of a schedule that shows an early completion date, unless specifically authorized by Change Order.
- B. Activities: Treat each story or separate area as a separate numbered activity for each main element of the Work. Include the following:
  1. Activity Duration
  2. Procurement Activities
  3. Submittal Review Time
  4. Startup and Testing Time
  5. Commissioning
  6. Substantial Completion
  7. Punch List and Final Completion
- C. Constraints: Include constraints and work restrictions indicated in the Contract Documents and as follows in schedule, and show how the sequence of the Work is affected.
  1. Phasing: Arrange list of activities on schedule by phase.
  2. Work under More Than One Contract: Include a separate activity for each contract.
  3. Work by Owner: Include a separate activity for each portion of the Work performed by Owner.
  4. Products Ordered in Advance: Include a separate activity for each product. Include delivery date as provided or as indicated in Section 011000 "Summary." Delivery dates indicated stipulate the earliest possible delivery date.
  5. Owner-Furnished Products: Include a separate activity for each product. Include delivery date as provided or as indicated in Section 011000 "Summary." Delivery dates indicated stipulate the earliest possible delivery date.
  6. Work Restrictions: Show the effect of the following items on the schedule:
    - a. Coordination with existing construction.
    - b. Limitations of continued occupancies.
    - c. Uninterruptible services.
    - d. Partial occupancy before Substantial Completion.
    - e. Use of premises restrictions.
    - f. Provisions for future construction.
    - g. Seasonal variations.
    - h. Environmental control.
  7. Work Stages: Indicate important stages of construction for each major portion of the Work, including, but not limited to, the following:
    - a. Subcontract awards.
    - b. Submittals.
    - c. Purchases.
    - d. Mockups.
    - e. Fabrication.
    - f. Sample testing.

- g. Deliveries.
    - h. Installation.
    - i. Tests and inspections.
    - j. Adjusting.
    - k. Curing.
    - l. Building flush-out.
    - m. Startup and placement into final use and operation.
    - n. Commissioning
  - 8. Construction Areas: Identify each major area of construction for each major portion of the Work. Indicate where each construction activity within a major area must be sequenced or integrated with other construction activities to provide for the following:
    - a. Structural completion.
    - b. Temporary enclosure and space conditioning.
    - c. Permanent space enclosure.
    - d. Completion of mechanical installation.
    - e. Completion of electrical installation.
    - f. Substantial Completion.
    - g. Final Completion.
  - 9. Other Constraints: .
- D. Milestones: Include milestones indicated in the Contract Documents in schedule, including, but not limited to, the Notice to Proceed, Substantial Completion, and final completion and the following interim milestones:
- 1. Temporary enclosure and space conditioning.
- E. Recovery Schedule: When periodic update indicates the Work is 14 or more calendar days behind the current approved schedule, submit a separate recovery schedule indicating means by which Contractor intends to regain compliance with the schedule. Indicate changes to working hours, working days, crew sizes, and equipment required to achieve compliance, and date by which recovery will be accomplished.
- F. Computer Scheduling Software: Prepare schedules using current version of a program that has been developed specifically to manage construction schedules.
- 2.3 PRELIMINARY CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE
- A. Bar-Chart Schedule: Submit startup, horizontal, bar-chart-type construction schedule within calendar days of date established for Notice to Proceed .
- 2.4 CONTRACTOR'S CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE (CPM SCHEDULE)
- A. General: Prepare network diagrams using AON (activity-on-node) format.
  - B. CPM Schedule: Prepare Contractor's construction schedule using a time-scaled CPM network analysis diagram for the Work.
    - 1. Develop network diagram in sufficient time to submit CPM schedule so it can be accepted for use no later than 30 calendar days after date established for Notice of Award .

- a. Failure to include any work item required for performance of this Contract shall not excuse Contractor from completing all work within applicable completion dates.
  2. Conduct educational workshops to train and inform key Project personnel, including subcontractors' personnel, in proper methods of providing data and using CPM schedule information.
  3. Establish procedures for monitoring and updating CPM schedule and for reporting progress. Coordinate procedures with progress meeting and payment request dates.
  4. Use "one workday" as the unit of time for individual activities. Indicate nonworking days and holidays incorporated into the schedule in order to coordinate with the Contract Time.
- C. CPM Schedule Preparation: Prepare a list of all activities required to complete the Work. Using the startup network diagram, prepare a network to identify probable critical paths.
1. Activities: Indicate the estimated time duration, sequence requirements, and relationship of each activity in relation to other activities. Include estimated time frames for the following activities:
    - a. Preparation and processing of submittals.
    - b. Mobilization and demobilization.
    - c. Purchase of materials.
    - d. Delivery.
    - e. Fabrication.
    - f. Utility interruptions.
    - g. Installation.
    - h. Work by Owner that may affect or be affected by Contractor's activities.
    - i. Startup Testing and commissioning .
    - j. Punch list and final completion.
    - k. Activities occurring following final completion.
  2. Critical Path Activities: Identify critical path activities, including those for interim completion dates. Scheduled start and completion dates shall be consistent with Contract milestone dates.
  3. Processing: Process data to produce output data on a computer-drawn, time-scaled network. Revise data, reorganize activity sequences, and reproduce as often as necessary to produce the CPM schedule within the limitations of the Contract Time.
  4. Format: Mark the critical path.
    - a. Contract Modifications: For each proposed contract modification and concurrent with its submission, prepare a time-impact analysis using a network fragment to demonstrate the effect of the proposed change on the overall project schedule.
    - b. Initial Issue of Schedule: Prepare initial network diagram from a sorted activity list indicating straight "early start-total float." Identify critical activities. Prepare tabulated reports showing the following:
  5. Contractor or subcontractor and the Work or activity.
  6. Description of activity.
  7. Main events of activity.
  8. Immediate preceding and succeeding activities.
  9. Early and late start dates.
  10. Early and late finish dates.
  11. Activity duration in workdays.
  12. Total float or slack time.

- D. Schedule Updating: Concurrent with making revisions to schedule, prepare tabulated reports showing the following:
1. Identification of activities that have changed.
  2. Changes in early and late start dates.
  3. Changes in early and late finish dates.
  4. Changes in activity durations in workdays.
  5. Changes in the critical path.
  6. Changes in total float or slack time.
  7. Changes in the Contract Time.

## 2.5 REPORTS

- A. Daily Construction Reports: Prepare a daily construction report recording the following information concerning events at Project site:
1. List of subcontractors at Project site.
  2. List of separate contractors at Project site.
  3. Approximate count of personnel at Project site.
  4. Equipment at Project site.
  5. Material deliveries.
  6. High and low temperatures and general weather conditions, including presence of rain or snow.
  7. Accidents.
  8. Meetings and significant decisions.
  9. Unusual events (see special reports).
  10. Stoppages, delays, shortages, and losses.
  11. Meter readings and similar recordings.
  12. Emergency procedures.
  13. Orders and requests of authorities having jurisdiction.
  14. Change Orders received and implemented.
  15. Construction Change Directives received and implemented.
  16. Services connected and disconnected.
  17. Equipment or system tests, commissioning, and startups.
  18. Partial completions and occupancies.
  19. Substantial Completions authorized.
  20. Locations of Work.
- B. Material Location Reports: At monthly intervals, prepare and submit a comprehensive list of materials delivered to and stored at Project site. List shall be cumulative, showing materials previously reported plus items recently delivered. Include with list a statement of progress on and delivery dates for materials or items of equipment fabricated or stored away from Project site. Indicate the following categories for stored materials:
1. Material stored prior to previous report and remaining in storage.
  2. Material stored prior to previous report and since removed from storage and installed.
  3. Material stored following previous report and remaining in storage.
- C. Site Condition Reports: Immediately on discovery of a difference between site conditions and the Contract Documents, prepare and submit a detailed report. Submit with a Request for Information. Include a detailed description of the differing conditions, together with recommendations for changing the Contract Documents.

## 2.6 SPECIAL REPORTS

- A. General: Submit special reports directly to Owner within one day of an occurrence. Distribute copies of report to parties affected by the occurrence.
- B. Reporting Unusual Events: When an event of an unusual and significant nature occurs at Project site, whether or not related directly to the Work, prepare and submit a special report. List chain of events, persons participating, response by Contractor's personnel, evaluation of results or effects, and similar pertinent information. Advise Owner in advance when these events are known or predictable.
- C. Two Week Look-Ahead Schedules: Contractor will submit a 2 week look-ahead schedule each week on a specific day of the week to be determined at the Preconstruction meeting. Each schedule will show specific work activities over that 2 week period and also areas of coordination required with other contractors and involved entities. These schedules will also show delivery dates of critical material or equipment items.
  - 1. Revise schedule immediately after each meeting or other activity where revisions have been recognized or made. Issue updated schedule concurrently with the report of each such meeting.

## PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 CONTRACTOR'S CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE

- A. Scheduling Consultant: If necessary, Contractor shall engage and pay for a consultant to provide planning, evaluation, and reporting using CPM scheduling.
  - 1. In-House Option: Owner may waive the requirement to retain a consultant if Contractor demonstrates they employ skilled personnel with experience in CPM scheduling and reporting techniques. Submit qualifications.
  - 2. Meetings: Scheduling consultant shall attend all meetings related to Project progress, alleged delays, and time impact.
- B. Contractor's Construction Schedule Updating: At monthly intervals, update schedule to reflect actual construction progress and activities. Issue schedule one week before each regularly scheduled progress meeting.
  - 1. Revise schedule immediately after each meeting or other activity where revisions have been recognized or made. Issue updated schedule concurrently with the report of each such meeting.
  - 2. Include a report with updated schedule that indicates every change, including, but not limited to, changes in logic, durations, actual starts and finishes, and activity durations.
  - 3. As the Work progresses, indicate final completion percentage for each activity.
- C. Distribution: Distribute copies of approved schedule to Architect, Construction Manager, Owner, separate contractors, testing and inspecting agencies, and other parties identified by Owner with a need-to-know schedule responsibility.
  - 1. Post copies in Project meeting rooms and temporary field offices.
  - 2. When revisions are made, distribute updated schedules to the same parties and post in the same locations. Delete parties from distribution when they have completed their assigned portion of the Work and are no longer involved in performance of construction activities.

END OF SECTION 013200

## SECTION 013233 - PHOTOGRAPHIC DOCUMENTATION

### PART 1 GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for the following:
  1. Preconstruction photographs.
  2. Periodic construction photographs.
  3. Final completion construction photographs.

#### 1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Key Plan: Submit key plan of Project site and building with notation of vantage points marked for location and direction of each photograph. Indicate elevation or story of construction. Include same information as corresponding photographic documentation.
- B. Digital Photographs: Submit image files within three business days of taking photographs.
  1. Digital Camera: Minimum sensor resolution of 8 megapixels.
  2. Format: Minimum 3200 by 2400 pixels, in unaltered original files, with same aspect ratio as the sensor, uncropped, date and time stamped, in folder named by date of photograph, accompanied by key plan file.
  3. Identification: Provide the following information with each image description in file metadata tag:
    - a. Name of Project.
    - b. Name and contact information for photographer.
    - c. Name of Construction Manager .
    - d. Name of Contractor.
    - e. Date photograph was taken.
    - f. Description of vantage point, indicating location, direction (by compass point), and elevation or story of construction.
    - g. Unique sequential identifier keyed to accompanying key plan.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 PHOTOGRAPHIC MEDIA

- A. Digital Images: Provide images in JPG format, produced by a digital camera with minimum sensor size of 8 megapixels, and at an image resolution of not less than 3200 by 2400 pixels.

### PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 CONSTRUCTION PHOTOGRAPHS

- A. General: Take photographs using the maximum range of depth of field, and that are in focus, to clearly show the Work. Photographs with blurry or out-of-focus areas will not be accepted.
  - 1. Maintain key plan with each set of construction photographs that identifies each photographic location.
  
- B. Digital Images: Submit digital images exactly as originally recorded in the digital camera, without alteration, manipulation, editing, or modifications using image-editing software.
  - 1. Date and Time: Include date and time in file name for each image.
  - 2. Field Office Images: Maintain one set of images accessible in the field office at Project site, available at all times for reference. Identify images in the same manner as those submitted to Architect .
  
- C. Preconstruction Photographs: Before starting construction, take photographs of Project site and surrounding properties, including existing items to remain during construction, from different vantage points, as directed by Construction Manager .
  - 1. Flag excavation areas and construction limits before taking construction photographs.
  - 2. Take minimum 20 photographs to show existing conditions adjacent to property before starting the Work.
  - 3. Take minimum 20 photographs of existing buildings either on or adjoining property to accurately record physical conditions at start of construction.
  - 4. Take additional photographs as required to record settlement or cracking of adjacent structures, pavements, and improvements.
  
- D. Periodic Construction Photographs: Take minimum 20 photographs weekly, as required to document construction progress, with timing each month adjusted to coincide with the cutoff date associated with each Application for Payment. Select vantage points to show status of construction and progress since last photographs were taken.
  
- E. Final Completion Construction Photographs: Take 20 color photographs after date of Substantial Completion for submission as project record documents. Construction Manager will inform photographer of desired vantage points.
  
- F. Additional Photographs: Construction Manager may request photographs in addition to periodic photographs specified..
  - 1. Three days' notice will be given, where feasible.
  - 2. In emergency situations, take additional photographs within 24 hours of request.
  - 3. Circumstances that could require additional photographs include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. Immediate follow-up when on-site events result in construction damage or losses.
    - b. Photographs to clarify Contractor's "Request for Information."
    - c. Photographs to be taken at fabrication locations away from Project site.
    - d. Substantial Completion of a major phase or component of the Work.

END OF SECTION 013233

## SECTION 013300 - SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES

### PART 1 GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes requirements for the submittal schedule and administrative and procedural requirements for submitting Shop Drawings, Product Data, Samples and other submittals.

#### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Action Submittals: Written and graphic information, and physical samples that require Architect's responsive action. Action submittals are those submittals indicated in individual Specification Sections as "action submittals."
- B. Informational Submittals: Written and graphic information, and physical samples that do not require Architect's responsive action. Submittals may be rejected for not complying with requirements. Informational submittals are those submittals indicated in individual Specification Sections as "informational submittals."
- C. File Transfer Protocol (FTP): Communications protocol that enables transfer of files to and from another computer over a network and that serves as the basis for standard Internet protocols. An FTP site is a portion of a network located outside of network firewalls within which internal and external users are able to access files.
- D. Portable Document Format (PDF): An open standard for electronic documents, licensed by Adobe Systems, used for representing documents in a device-independent and display resolution-independent fixed-layout document format.
- E. Cloud-Based Construction Management Software Application (CMSA): Any of a number of proprietary file management collaborative systems intended for internet-connected device use. The intent of these applications is to enable dispersed users access to shared documents for storage, organization, retrieval, editing, tracking, reporting or other functions, with such access usually controlled by invitation and security protocols. More than one such application type or specific programs may be used, depending on Owner preferences.
  - 1. Project preferred CMSA: Procure

#### 1.4 SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES

- A. Architect's Digital Data Files: Electronic digital data files of the Contract Drawings will be provided by Architect for Contractor's use in preparing submittals.
  - 1. Architect will furnish Contractor one set of digital data drawing files of the Contract Drawings for use in preparing Shop Drawings and Project Record Drawings.

- a. Architect makes no representations as to the accuracy or completeness of digital data drawing files as they relate to the Contract Drawings.
  - b. Digital Drawing Software Program: The Contract Drawings are available in .
  - c. Contractor shall execute a data licensing agreement in the form included in Project Manual.
    - 1) To request electronic files, complete “Request Form for Electronic Files”.
    - 2) Include “Processing Fee” in amount as indicated on the request form.
- B. Coordination: Coordinate preparation and processing of submittals with performance of construction activities.
1. Coordinate each submittal with fabrication, purchasing, testing, delivery, other submittals, and related activities that require sequential activity.
  2. Submit all submittal items required for each Specification Section concurrently unless partial submittals for portions of the Work are indicated on approved submittal schedule.
  3. Submit action submittals and informational submittals required by the same Specification Section as separate packages under separate transmittals.
  4. Coordinate transmittal of different types of submittals for related parts of the Work so processing will not be delayed because of need to review submittals concurrently for coordination.
    - a. Architect reserve(s) the right to withhold action on a submittal requiring coordination with other submittals until related submittals are received.
- C. Processing Time: Allow time for submittal review, including time for resubmittals, as follows. Time for review shall commence upon Architect's receipt of submittal. No extension of the Contract Time will be authorized because of failure to transmit submittals enough in advance of the Work to permit processing, including resubmittals.
1. Initial Review: Allow 15 business days for initial review of each submittal. Allow additional time if coordination with subsequent submittals is required. Construction Manager will advise Contractor when a submittal being processed must be delayed for coordination.
  2. Intermediate Review: If intermediate submittal is necessary, process it in same manner as initial submittal.
  3. Resubmittal Review: Allow 15 business days for review of each resubmittal.
  4. Sequential Review: Where sequential review of submittals by Architect's consultants, Owner, or other parties is indicated, allow 20 additional business days for initial review of each submittal.
  5. Concurrent Consultant Review: Where the Contract Documents indicate that submittals may be transmitted simultaneously to Architect and to Architect's consultants, allow 15 business days for review of each submittal. Submittal will be returned to Architect before being returned to Contractor .
  6. Transmittal for Sample Submittals: Assemble each submittal individually and appropriately for transmittal and handling. Transmit each submittal using a transmittal form. Architect will return without review or discard submittals received from sources other than Contractor. Transmit each submittal using the transmittal form at the end of this section.
- D. Electronic Submittals: Identify and incorporate information in each electronic submittal file as follows:

1. Assemble complete submittal package into a single indexed file incorporating submittal requirements of a single Specification Section and transmittal form with links enabling navigation to each item.
  2. Name file with submittal number or other unique identifier, including revision identifier.
    - a. File name shall use Specification Section number followed by a decimal point and then a sequential number (e.g., 061000.01) and the Section Name. Resubmittals shall include the sequential number increasing with each resubmittal (e.g., 061000.02).
    - b. Do not co-mingle submittals from different Specification Sections unless specifically approved by Architect.
  3. Provide means for insertion to permanently record Contractor's review and approval markings and action taken by Architect .
  4. Transmittal Form for Electronic Submittals: Use Software-generated from electronic project management software or electronic form acceptable to Owner and Architect, containing the following information:
    - a. Project name.
    - b. Date.
    - c. Name and address of Architect.
    - d. Name of Construction Manager.
    - e. Name of Contractor.
    - f. Name of firm or entity that prepared submittal.
    - g. Names of subcontractor, manufacturer, and supplier.
    - h. Category and type of submittal.
    - i. Submittal purpose and description.
    - j. Specification Section number and title.
    - k. Specification paragraph number or drawing designation and generic name for each of multiple items.
    - l. Drawing number and detail references, as appropriate.
    - m. Location(s) where product is to be installed, as appropriate.
    - n. Related physical samples submitted directly.
    - o. Indication of full or partial submittal.
    - p. Transmittal number, numbered consecutively.
    - q. Submittal and transmittal distribution record.
    - r. Other necessary identification.
    - s. Remarks.
  5. Metadata: Include the following information as keywords in the electronic submittal file metadata:
    - a. Project name.
    - b. Number and title of appropriate Specification Section.
    - c. Manufacturer name.
    - d. Product name.
- E. Options: Identify options requiring selection by Architect.
- F. Deviations and Additional Information: On an attached separate sheet, prepared on Contractor's letterhead, record relevant information, requests for data, revisions other than those requested by Architect on previous submittals, and deviations from requirements in the Contract Documents, including minor variations and limitations. Include same identification information as related submittal.

- G. Resubmittals: Make resubmittals in same form and number of copies as initial submittal.
  - 1. Note date and content of previous submittal.
  - 2. Note date and content of revision in label or title block and clearly indicate extent of revision.
  - 3. Resubmit submittals until they are marked with approval notation from Architect's action stamp[s].
- H. Distribution: Furnish copies of final submittals to manufacturers, subcontractors, suppliers, fabricators, and installers, authorities having jurisdiction, and others as necessary for performance of construction activities. Show distribution on transmittal forms.
- I. Use for Construction: Retain complete copies of submittals on Project site. Use only final action submittals that are marked with approval notation from Architect's action stamp[s].

## PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.1 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. General: Prepare and submit Action Submittals required by individual Specification Sections.
- B. Product Data: Collect information into a single submittal for each element of construction and type of product or equipment.
  - 1. If information must be specially prepared for submittal because standard printed data are not suitable for use, submit as Shop Drawings, not as Product Data.
  - 2. Mark each copy of each submittal to show which products and options are applicable.
  - 3. Include the following information, as applicable:
    - a. Manufacturer's written recommendations.
    - b. Manufacturer's product specifications.
    - c. Color charts showing full range of available colors.
    - d. Manufacturer catalog cuts.
    - e. Wiring diagrams showing factory-installed wiring.
    - f. Printed performance curves.
    - g. Operational range diagrams.
    - h. Mill reports.
    - i. Standard product operating and maintenance manuals.
    - j. Compliance with recognized trade association standards.
    - k. Compliance with recognized testing agency standards.
    - l. Application of testing agency labels and seals.
    - m. Notation of coordination requirements.
  - 4. For equipment, include the following in addition to the above, as applicable:
    - a. Wiring diagrams showing factory-installed wiring.
    - b. Printed performance curves.
    - c. Operational range diagrams.
    - d. Clearances required to other construction, if not indicated on accompanying Shop Drawings.
- C. Shop Drawings: Prepare Project-specific information, drawn accurately to scale. Do not base Shop Drawings on reproductions of the Contract Documents or standard printed data.
  - 1. Preparation: Include the following information, as applicable:
    - a. Dimensions.

- b. Identification of products.
  - c. Fabrication and installation drawings.
  - d. Roughing-in and setting diagrams.
  - e. Wiring diagrams showing field-installed wiring, including power, signal, and control wiring.
  - f. Shop work manufacturing instructions.
  - g. Templates and patterns.
  - h. Schedules.
  - i. Design calculations.
  - j. Compliance with specified standards.
  - k. Notation of coordination requirements.
  - l. Notation of dimensions established by field measurement.
2. Wiring Diagrams: Differentiate between manufacturer-installed and field-installed wiring.
  3. Sheet Size: Except for templates, patterns, and similar full-size drawings, submit Shop Drawings on sheets at least 8-1/2 by 11 inches (215 by 280 mm) but no larger than sheet size used for Contract Document Drawings.
  4. Number of Copies: Submit two black-line prints and one electronic file copy of each submittal. Architect will return the one print marked with action taken to the Contractor for distribution. Contractor shall make necessary copies from the returned print.
- D. Samples: Prepare physical units of materials or products, including the following:
1. Samples for Initial Selection: Submit manufacturer's color charts consisting of units or sections of units showing the full range of colors, textures, and patterns available.
  2. Samples for Verification: Submit full-size units or Samples of size indicated, prepared from the same material to be used for the Work, cured and finished in manner specified, and physically identical with the product proposed for use, and that show full range of color and texture variations expected. Samples include, but are not limited to, the following: partial sections of manufactured or fabricated components; small cuts or containers of materials; complete units of repetitively used materials; swatches showing color, texture, and pattern; color range sets; and components used for independent testing and inspection.
  3. Preparation: Mount, display, or package Samples in manner specified to facilitate review of qualities indicated. Prepare Samples to match Architect's sample where so indicated. Attach label on unexposed side that includes the following:
    - a. Generic description of Sample.
    - b. Product name or name of manufacturer.
    - c. Sample source.
  4. Submit Samples for review of kind, color, pattern, and texture for a final check of these characteristics with other elements and for a comparison of these characteristics between final submittal and actual component as delivered and installed.
    - a. If variation in color, pattern, texture, or other characteristic is inherent in the product represented by a Sample, submit at least three sets of paired units that show approximate limits of the variations.
    - b. Refer to individual Specification Sections for requirements for Samples that illustrate workmanship, fabrication techniques, and details of assembly, connections, operation, and similar construction characteristics.
  5. Number of Samples for Initial Selection: Submit two full sets of available choices where color, pattern, texture, or similar characteristics are required to be selected from manufacturer's product line. Architect will return one submittal with options selected.

6. Number of Samples for Verification: Submit two full sets of Samples. Architect will retain one Sample set; remainder will be returned marked with action taken to the Contractor for distribution.
    - a. Submit a single Sample where assembly details, workmanship, fabrication techniques, connections, operation, and other similar characteristics are to be demonstrated.
  7. Disposition: Contractor to maintain one set of approved Samples at Project site, available for quality-control comparisons throughout the course of construction activity. Sample sets may be used to determine final acceptance of construction associated with each set.
    - a. Samples that may be incorporated into the Work are indicated in individual Specification Sections. Such Samples must be in an undamaged condition at time of use.
    - b. Samples not incorporated into the Work, or otherwise designated as Owner's property, are the property of Contractor.
- E. Submittals requiring compliance with other sections in the Project Manual.
1. Contractor's Construction Schedule.
  2. Submittals Schedule.
  3. Application for Payment.
  4. Schedule of Values.
  5. Subcontract List.

## 2.2 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. General: Prepare and submit Informational Submittals required by individual Specification Sections and elsewhere in the Contract Documents.
1. Number of Copies: Submit two copies of each submittal, unless otherwise indicated. Architect will not return copies, unless they are rejected for noncompliance with the Contract Documents.
  2. Certificates and Certifications: Provide a notarized statement that includes signature of entity responsible for preparing certification. Certificates and certifications shall be signed by an officer or other individual authorized to sign documents on behalf of that entity.
  3. Test and Inspection Reports: Comply with requirements in Division 1 Section "Quality Requirements."
- B. Qualification Data: Prepare written information that demonstrates capabilities and experience of firm or person. Include lists of completed projects with project names and addresses, names and addresses of architects and owners, and other information specified.
- C. Product Certificates: Prepare written statements on manufacturer's letterhead certifying that product complies with requirements.
- D. Welding Certificates: Prepare written certification that welding procedures and personnel comply with requirements. Submit record of Welding Procedure Specification (WPS) and Procedure Qualification Record (PQR) on AWS forms. Include names of firms and personnel certified.
- E. Installer Certificates: Prepare written statements on manufacturer's letterhead certifying that Installer complies with requirements and, where required, is authorized for this specific Project.

- F. **Manufacturer Certificates:** Prepare written statements on manufacturer's letterhead certifying that manufacturer complies with requirements. Include evidence of manufacturing experience where required.
- G. **Material Certificates:** Prepare written statements on manufacturer's letterhead certifying that material complies with requirements.
- H. **Material Test Reports:** Prepare reports written by a qualified testing agency, on testing agency's standard form, indicating and interpreting test results of material for compliance with requirements.
- I. **Preconstruction Test Reports:** Prepare reports written by a qualified testing agency, on testing agency's standard form, indicating and interpreting results of tests performed before installation of product, for compliance with performance requirements.
- J. **Compatibility Test Reports:** Prepare reports written by a qualified testing agency, on testing agency's standard form, indicating and interpreting results of compatibility tests performed before installation of product. Include written recommendations for primers and substrate preparation needed for adhesion.
- K. **Field Test Reports:** Prepare reports written by a qualified testing agency, on testing agency's standard form, indicating and interpreting results of field tests performed either during installation of product or after product is installed in its final location, for compliance with requirements.
- L. **Product Test Reports:** Prepare written reports indicating current product produced by manufacturer complies with requirements. Base reports on evaluation of tests performed by manufacturer and witnessed by a qualified testing agency, or on comprehensive tests performed by a qualified testing agency.
- M. **Research/Evaluation Reports:** Prepare written evidence, from a model code organization acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, that product complies with building code in effect for Project. Include the following information:
  - 1. Name of evaluation organization.
  - 2. Date of evaluation.
  - 3. Time period when report is in effect.
  - 4. Product and manufacturers' names.
  - 5. Description of product.
  - 6. Test procedures and results.
  - 7. Limitations of use.
- N. **Maintenance Data:** Prepare written and graphic instructions and procedures for operation and normal maintenance of products and equipment.
- O. **Design Data:** Prepare written and graphic information, including, but not limited to, performance and design criteria, list of applicable codes and regulations, and calculations. Include list of assumptions and other performance and design criteria and a summary of loads. Include load diagrams if applicable. Provide name and version of software, if any, used for calculations. Include page numbers.
- P. **Manufacturer's Instructions:** Prepare written or published information that documents manufacturer's recommendations, guidelines, and procedures for installing or operating a

product or equipment. Include name of product and name, address, and telephone number of manufacturer. Include the following, as applicable:

1. Preparation of substrates.
2. Required substrate tolerances.
3. Sequence of installation or erection.
4. Required installation tolerances.
5. Required adjustments.
6. Recommendations for cleaning and protection.

- Q. Manufacturers Field Reports: Prepare written information documenting factory-authorized service representative's tests and inspections. Include the following, as applicable:
1. Name, address, and telephone number of factory-authorized service representative making report.
  2. Statement on condition of substrates and their acceptability for installation of product.
  3. Statement that products at Project site comply with requirements.
  4. Summary of installation procedures being followed, whether they comply with requirements and, if not, what corrective action was taken.
  5. Results of operational and other tests and a statement of whether observed performance complies with requirements.
  6. Statement whether conditions, products, and installation will affect warranty.
  7. Other required items indicated in individual Specification Sections.
- R. Insurance Certificates and Bonds: Prepare written information indicating current status of insurance or bonding coverage. Include name of entity covered by insurance or bond, limits of coverage, amounts of deductibles, if any, and term of the coverage.
- S. Material Safety Data Sheets: Keep on site and submit information directly to Owner. If submitted to Architect, Architect will not review this information but will return it with no action taken.

## 2.3 DELEGATED-DESIGN SERVICES

- A. Performance and Design Criteria: Where professional design services or certifications by a design professional are specifically required of Contractor by the Contract Documents, provide products and systems complying with specific performance and design criteria indicated.
1. If criteria indicated are not sufficient to perform services or certification required, submit a written request for additional information to Architect
- B. Delegated-Design Services Certification: In addition to Shop Drawings, Product Data, and other required submittals, submit digitally signed PDF file or three (3) paper copies of certificate, signed and sealed by the responsible design professional licensed in the jurisdiction of the Project for each product, assembly or system specifically assigned to Contractor to be designed or certified by a design professional.
1. Indicate that products and systems comply with performance and design criteria in the Contract Documents. Include list of codes, loads and other factors used in performing these services.

## PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 CONTRACTOR'S REVIEW

- A. Action and Informational Submittals: Review each submittal and check for coordination with other Work of the Contract and for compliance with the Contract Documents. Note corrections and field dimensions. Mark with approval stamp before submitting to Architect .
- B. Project Closeout and Maintenance Material Submittals: See requirements in Section 017700 "Closeout Procedures."
- C. Approval Stamp: Stamp each submittal with a uniform, approval stamp. Include Project name and location, submittal number, Specification Section title and number, name of reviewer, date of Contractor's approval, and statement certifying that submittal has been reviewed, checked, and approved for compliance with the Contract Documents.

### 3.2 ARCHITECT'S ACTION

- A. General: Architect will not review submittals that do not bear Contractor's approval stamp and will return them without action.
- B. Action Submittals: Architect will review each submittal, make marks to indicate corrections or modifications required, and return it. Architect will stamp each submittal with an action stamp and will mark stamp appropriately to indicate action taken, as follows:
  - 1. Architect's Action:
    - a. Final Unrestricted Release: When the Architect marks a submittal "No Exceptions Taken" the Work covered by the submittal may proceed provided it complies with requirements of the Contract Documents. Final payment depends on that compliance.
    - b. Final-But-Restricted Release: When the Architect marks a submittal "Provide as Corrected," the Work covered by the submittal may proceed provided it complies with notations or corrections on the submittal and requirements of the Contract Documents. Final payment depends on that compliance.
    - c. Returned for Resubmittal: When the Architect marks a submittal "Revise and Resubmit," do not proceed with Work covered by the submittal, including purchasing, fabrication, delivery, or other activity. Revise or prepare a new submittal according to the notations; resubmit without delay.
      - 1) Do not use, or allow others to use, submittals marked "Revise and Resubmit" at the Project Site or elsewhere where Work is in progress.
    - d. Returned for Resubmittal: When the Architect marks a submittal "Rejected", the Architect has not completed a full review, because it is clear that the submittal does not reflect the requirements of the Contract Documents. Do not proceed with work covered by the submittal, including purchasing, fabrication, delivery or other activity. Revise or prepare a new submittal that complies with the Contract Documents.
    - e. Other Action: If the submittal is primarily for information purposes, record purposes, special processing, or other contractor activity, the submittal will be returned marked "Reviewed for General Conformance Only". These submittals have been received and processed for information only and not approved or disapproved by the architect.
- C. Informational Submittals: Architect will review each submittal and will not return it, or will reject and return it if it does not comply with Contract Document requirements.

NCWSA Office Addition – 60% Design  
Wendel Project No. 616202

- D. Submittals not required by the Contract Documents will not be reviewed and will be discarded or returned without action.

END OF SECTION 013300



# Submittal Transmittal

Submittal No. \_\_\_\_\_

PROJECT: \_\_\_\_\_ PROJECT #: \_\_\_\_\_

OWNER: \_\_\_\_\_ A/E: \_\_\_\_\_

CONTRACT # & NAME \_\_\_\_\_

CONTRACTOR: \_\_\_\_\_  
(NAME, ADDRESS, TELEPHONE & FAX NUMBERS)

NEW SUBMITTAL  RESUBMITTAL Date: \_\_\_\_\_

This submittal is:  AS SPECIFIED REMARKS: \_\_\_\_\_

NUMBER OF COPIES SUBMITTED: (8 maximum) \_\_\_\_\_

TYPE OF SUBMITTAL: **(CHECK ALL THAT APPLY)**

- ( ) PRODUCT DATA/CATALOG CUT                      ( ) SAMPLE                      ( ) COLOR SELECTION
- ( ) SHOP DRAWINGS                                      ( ) SCHEDULE                      ( ) WARRANTY
- ( ) TEST REPORT    ( ) RECORD DOCUMENT              ( ) PERFORMANCE DATA
- ( ) OPERATIONS & MAINTENANCE DATA              ( ) OTHER \_\_\_\_\_

<p><b>SPEC. SECTION:</b> _____</p> <p><b>PARAGRAPH(S):</b> _____</p> <p><b>DWG. REF. NO.:</b> _____</p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>CONTRACTOR CERTIFICATION</b></p> <p>CONTRACTOR CERTIFIES THAT THE INFORMATION SUBMITTED COMPLIES WITH THE CONTRACT DOCUMENT REQUIREMENTS.</p> <p>By: _____</p> <p>Date: _____</p> <p><b>NOTE: Contractor shall apply an approval stamp to each copy of each submittal.</b></p>
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DESCRIPTION OF SUBMITTAL: \_\_\_\_\_

PRODUCT NAME: \_\_\_\_\_

MANUFACTURER: \_\_\_\_\_

ADDRESS: \_\_\_\_\_ TEL. NO.: \_\_\_\_\_

CONTRACTOR or SUBCONTRACTOR: \_\_\_\_\_ TEL. NO.: \_\_\_\_\_

SUPPLIER: \_\_\_\_\_ TEL. NO.: \_\_\_\_\_

SECTION 01 57 13

TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL (TESC)

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SCOPE

- A This section covers work to implement structural and nonstructural best management practices (BMPs) to control soil erosion by wind or water and keep eroded sediments and other construction-generated pollutants from moving off project sites. Requirements described in this section and shown on drawings are part of the project Temporary Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan (TESC Plan) and are the minimum for all project construction sites and conditions. This specification covers all project activities, including material sources, disposal sites, and offsite mitigation areas unless specific project activities are excluded elsewhere in this specification or in other contract documents controlling the work.
- B Temporary and permanent erosion and sedimentation controls include grassing and mulching of disturbed areas and structural barriers at those locations which will ensure that erosion during construction will be maintained within acceptable limits. Acceptable limits are as established by Section 402 of the Federal Clean Water Act and applicable codes, ordinances, rules, regulations, and laws of state, local, and municipal authorities having jurisdiction (AHJ). For installation and maintenance guidance, refer to the Manual for Erosion and Sediment Control in Georgia, latest edition.
- C Other Regulations: A local government erosion and sediment control permit may apply and some local agency requirements may be more stringent than this specification.

1.2 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

- A Erosion and Sediment Control: Provide, maintain, and operate temporary facilities to control erosion and sediment releases during construction period.
- B Erosion and Sediment Control (ESC) Qualified Personnel:
  - 1. Identify the ESC Qualified Personnel at the preconstruction discussions and in the TESC Plan. The ESC Qualified Personnel shall have certification in construction site erosion and sediment control as required by State and Local jurisdictional requirements.
  - 2. The ESC Qualified Personnel shall implement the TESC Plan, including the following:
    - a. Installing and maintaining all temporary erosion and sediment control BMPs included in the TESC Plan to assure continued performance of their intended function. Damaged or inadequate TESC BMPs shall be corrected immediately.
    - b. Updating TESC Plan to reflect current field conditions.
    - c. Terminating TESC Plan.
  - 3. When a TESC Plan is included in the contract plans, ESC Qualified Personnel shall also inspect all areas disturbed by construction activities, all onsite erosion and sediment control Best Management Practices (BMPs), all stormwater discharge points, and all temporarily stabilized inactive sites per schedule in the Local Erosion Control Permit or as directed by Engineer. Complete erosion and sediment control inspection form provided by AHJ for each inspection and submit a copy to Engineer no later than end of the next working day following inspection.
- C Personnel Training: Prior to commencement of construction, responsible personnel must have an understanding of the State or Local Erosion Control Permit requirements and their specific

responsibilities under the permit. At a minimum, personnel must be trained to understand the following as it relates to the scope of their job duties:

1. The location of all stormwater controls and how to maintain them.
2. Procedures for complying with the pollution prevention requirements.
3. Procedures for conducting inspections, recording findings, and taking corrective action.
4. Creation and maintenance of required documentation and files.

D Temporary Erosion and Sediment Control Plan (Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan):

1. A Draft TESC Plan is furnished as part of the drawings, which helps fulfill part of the plan requirement of the Local Erosion Control Permit. This initial TESC Plan may be used as the basis of the construction TESC Plan. Additional or revised erosion and sediment control features, not shown on the initial TESC Plan, may be required depending on methods of operation and schedule.
2. For each phase of the scheduled work indicated on the TESC Plan, all the BMPs proposed and installed for erosion and sediment control during construction shall be noted on an updated TESC Plan, which also includes all temporary slopes.
3. Required minimum elements included in the TESC Plan and SWPPP are provided by the AHJ's erosion control manual and NPDES permit.
4. Active TESC Plan and implementation schedules must be prepared by a competent and qualified individual per State and/or local requirements. Furnish a signed copy of the TESC Plan with individual's name, title, state certifications, and employing firm if different than Contractor's firm.
5. Do not begin any Site activities that have potential to cause erosion or sediment movement until the TESC Plan and implementation schedules are approved by Engineer.
6. Keep a copy of the approved, active TESC Plan with updated changes onsite during all construction activities.
7. Continually update the TESC Plan and implementation schedules as needed for unexpected storm or other events to ensure that sediment-laden water does not leave the construction site. Changes to the TESC Plan shall be incorporated no later than 24 hours after implementation.

E Owner or Engineer may identify additional temporary control measures if it appears pollution or erosion may result from weather, nature of materials, or progress on the work.

F Install all sediment control devices including, but not limited to, sediment ponds, perimeter silt fencing, or other sediment trapping BMPs prior to any ground disturbing activity. Do not expose more erodible earth than necessary during clearing, grubbing, excavation, borrow, or fill activities without written approval by Engineer. Engineer may increase or decrease the limits based on project conditions. Erodible earth is defined as any surface where soils, grinding, or other materials may be capable of being displaced and transported by rain, wind, or surface water runoff. Cover inactive areas of erodible earth, whether at final grade or not, within specified time period per Local permit requirements, using an approved soil covering practice. Phase clearing and grading to maximum extent practical to prevent exposed inactive areas from becoming a source of erosion.

G Water Management:

1. Manage site water in accordance with the conditions of the waste discharge permit from a local permitting authority. If site water management is not subject to permit, manage as follows:
  - a. Groundwater: When groundwater is encountered in an excavation, treat and discharge as follows:
    - 1) When groundwater conforms to State or local jurisdictional Water Quality Standards, it may bypass detention and treatment facilities and be routed directly to its normal discharge point at a rate and method that will not cause erosion.
    - 2) When turbidity of groundwater is similar to turbidity of site runoff, groundwater may be treated using same detention and treatment facilities being used to treat the site runoff and then discharged at a rate that will not cause erosion.
    - 3) When groundwater turbidity is greater than turbidity of site runoff, treat groundwater separately until turbidity is similar to or better than site runoff, and then it may be combined with site runoff and treated as described above.
  - b. Process Water:
    - 1) Do not discharge high pH process water or wastewater (non-stormwater) that is generated onsite, including water generated during concrete grinding, rubblizing, washout, and hydrodemolition activities, to waters of the jurisdiction, including wetlands. Water may be infiltrated upon approval of Engineer. Offsite disposal of concrete process water is subject to approval of Engineer.
    - 2) Treat all water generated onsite from construction or washing activities that is more turbid than site runoff separately until turbidity is the same or less than site runoff, and then it may be combined with site runoff and treated as described above. Water may be infiltrated upon approval of Engineer.
  - c. Offsite Water: Prior to disruption of normal watercourse, intercept offsite stormwater and pipe it either through or around the project site. This water shall not be combined with onsite stormwater. Discharge offsite water at its preconstruction outfall point preventing an increase in erosion below the site. Submit proposed method for performing this work for Engineer's approval.
- H Dispersion/Infiltration: Convey water only to dispersion or infiltration areas designated in the TESC Plan or to sites approved by Owner. Water shall be conveyed to designated dispersion areas at a rate such that, when runoff leaves the area and enters waters of the jurisdiction, the required turbidity standards are achieved. Convey water to designated infiltration areas at a rate that does not produce surface runoff.
- I Detention/Retention Pond Construction: Whether permanent or temporary, construct before beginning other grading and excavation work in the area that drains into that pond. Install temporary conveyances concurrently with grading in accordance with the TESC Plan so that newly graded areas drain to the pond as they are exposed.
- J Pollution Control: Use BMPs to prevent or minimize stormwater exposure to pollutants from spills; vehicles and equipment fueling, maintenance, and storage; other cleaning and maintenance activities; and waste handling activities. These pollutants include fuel, hydraulic fluid, and other oils from vehicles and machinery, as well as debris, leftover paints, solvents, and glues from construction operations. Implement the following BMPs when applicable:

1. Written spill prevention and response procedures
  2. Employee training on spill prevention and proper disposal procedures
  3. Spill kits in all vehicles
  4. Regular maintenance schedule for vehicles and machinery
  5. Material delivery and storage controls
  6. Training and signage
  7. Covered storage areas for waste and supplies
- K If Owner or Engineer orders the work suspended, continue to control erosion, pollution, and runoff during the shutdown.
- L Nothing in this section shall relieve Contractor from complying with other contract requirements.

### 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A Submit product data in accordance with the requirements of Section 01 33 00 of these Specifications.
- B Prior to any construction activity, the Contractor shall submit, for the Engineer's approval, a schedule for the accomplishment of temporary and permanent erosion and sedimentation control work. No work shall be started until the erosion and sedimentation control schedule and methods of operation have been approved by the Engineer.
- C When a TESC Plan is included on drawings, either adopt or modify the TESC Plan. Provide a schedule for TESC Plan implementation and incorporate it into Contractor's progress schedule. Obtain Engineer's approval of the TESC Plan and schedule before any work begins.
- D Modified TESC Plans shall meet all requirements of the applicable jurisdictions.
- E The TESC Plan shall cover all areas that may be affected inside and outside the limits of the project (including all Owner-provided sources, disposal sites, and haul roads, and all nearby land, streams, and other bodies of water).
- F Allow at least 5 working days for Engineer to review any original or revised TESC Plan. Failure to approve all or part of any such plan shall not make Owner liable to Contractor for any work delays.
- G Provide proposed changes to the TESC plans for approval by the Engineer per jurisdictional requirements. Allow at least 5 working days for Engineer to review, approve and incorporated any revisions to the current TESC Plan.

### 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A The temporary and permanent erosion and sedimentation control measures shown on the Drawings are minimum requirements. Any additional erosion and sedimentation control measures required by the Contractor's means, methods, techniques and sequence of operation will be installed by the Contractor at no additional cost to the Owner.
- B Perform all work under this Section in accordance with all pertinent rules and regulations including, but not necessarily limited to, those stated in these Specifications. Where provisions of pertinent rules and regulations conflict with these Specifications, the more stringent provisions shall govern.
- C Provide all materials and promptly take all actions necessary to achieve effective erosion and sedimentation control in accordance with the Erosion and Sedimentation Act of 1975, local ordinances, other permits, local enforcing agency guidelines and these Specifications.
- D Basic Principles

1. Coordinate the land disturbance activities to fit the topography, soil types and conditions.
2. Minimize the disturbed area and the duration of exposure to erosive elements.
3. Provide temporary or permanent stabilization to disturbed areas immediately after rough grading is complete.
4. Safely convey run-off from the site to a stable outlet to prevent flooding and damage to downstream facilities resulting from increased runoff from the site.
5. Retain sediment on-site that was generated on-site.
6. Minimize encroachment upon watercourses.

E Implementation

1. The Contractor is solely responsible for the control of erosion within the Project site and the prevention of sedimentation from leaving the Project site or entering waterways.
2. The Contractor shall install temporary and permanent erosion and sedimentation controls which will ensure that runoff from the disturbed area of the Project site shall pass through a filter system before exiting the Project site.
3. The Contractor shall provide temporary and permanent erosion and sedimentation control measures to prevent silt and sediment from entering the waterways. The Contractor shall maintain the required undisturbed vegetative buffer along any on-site stream, pond or regulated waterway, per State and local regulations. If disturbance of a vegetative buffer is permitted, the Contractor shall exercise extreme care during land disturbance operations within this buffer to prevent degradation of the stream, pond or regulated waterway.
4. The Contractor shall limit land disturbance activity to those areas shown on the Drawings.
5. The Contractor shall maintain erosion and sedimentation control measures within disturbed areas on the entire site at no additional cost to the Owner until the acceptance of the Project. Maintenance shall include mulching, re-seeding, clean-out of sediment barriers and sediment ponds, replacement of washed-out or undermined rip rap and erosion control materials, to the satisfaction of the Engineer.
6. All fines imposed for improper erosion and sedimentation control shall be paid by the Contractor.
7. The Contractor shall use all means necessary to control dust on and near the work and all off-site borrow areas, in accordance to the Manual for Erosion and Sediment Control in Georgia, latest edition. The Contractor should thoroughly moisten all surfaces and/or control dust within the acceptable means and methods required by State and local regulations, as required to prevent dust from being a nuisance to the public, neighbors and concurrent performance of work on the site.

F References:

1. This section contains references to the following documents. They are a part of this section as specified and modified. Where a referenced document contains references to other standards, those documents are included as references under this section as if referenced directly. In the event of conflict between the requirements of this section and those of the listed documents, the requirements of this section shall prevail.
2. Unless otherwise specified, references to documents shall mean the documents in effect at the time of Advertisement for Bids or Invitation to Bid (or on the effective date of the Agreement if there were no Bids). If referenced documents have been discontinued by the issuing organization, references to those documents shall mean the replacement

documents issued or otherwise identified by that organization or, if there are no replacement documents, the last version of the document before it was discontinued. Where document dates are given in the following listing, references to those documents shall mean the specific document version associated with that date, regardless of whether the document has been superseded by a version with a later date, discontinued or replaced.

<b>Reference</b>	<b>Title</b>
AASHTO M 252	Standard Specification for Corrugated Polyethylene Drainage Pipe
AASHTO M 288	Standard Specification for Geosynthetic Specification for Highway Applications
ASTM C139	Standard Specification for Concrete Masonry Units for Construction of Catch Basins and Manholes
ASTM D638	Standard Test Method for Tensile Properties of Plastics
ASTM D822/D822M	Standard Practice for Filtered Open-Flame Carbon-Arc Exposures of Paint and Related Coatings
ASTM D977	Standard Specifications for Anionic Emulsified Asphalt
ASTM D2974	Standard Test Methods for Moisture, Ash, and Organic Matter of Peat and other Organic Soils
ASTM D3776/D3776M	Standard Test Methods for Mass Per Unit Area (Weight) of Fabric
ASTM D3786/D3786M	Standard Test Method for Bursting Strength of Textile Fabrics—Diaphragm Bursting Strength Tester Method
ASTM D4355/D4355M	Standard Test Method for Deterioration of Geotextiles by Exposure to Light, Moisture and Heat in a Xenon Arc Type Apparatus
ASTM D4397	Standard Specification for Polyethylene Sheeting for Construction, Industrial, and Agricultural Applications
ASTM D4491/D4491M	Standard Test Methods for Water Permeability of Geotextiles by Permittivity
ASTM D4533/D4533M	Standard Test Method for Trapezoid Tearing Strength of Geotextiles
ASTM D4632/D4632M	Standard Test Method for Grab Breaking Load and Elongation of Geotextiles
ASTM D4751	Standard Test Method for Determining Apparent Opening Size of a Geotextile
ASTM D5035	Standard Test Method for Breaking Force and Elongation of Textile Fabrics (Strip Method)
ASTM D6241	Standard Test Method for Static Puncture Strength of Geotextiles and Geotextile-Related Products Using a 50-mm Probe
ASTM D6459	Standard Test method for Determination of Rolled Erosion Control Product (RECP) Performance in Protecting Hillslopes from Rainfall-Induced Erosion

Reference	Title
ASTM D6460	Standard Test Method for Determination of Rolled Erosion Control Product (RECP) Performance in Protecting Earthen Channels from Stormwater-Induced Erosion
ASTM M6475	Standard Test Method for Measuring mass per Unit Area of Erosion Control Blankets
ASTM D7322/D7322M	Standard Test Method for Determination of Rolled Erosion Control Product (RECP) Ability to Encourage Seed Germination and Plant Growth Under Bench-Scale Conditions
ASTM D7367	Standard Test Method for Determining Water Holding Capacity of Fiber Mulches for Hydraulic Planting
ASTM G23	Standard Practice for Operating Light-Exposure Apparatus (Carbon-Arc Type) With and Without Water for Exposure of Nonmetallic Materials
National Stone, Sand and Gravel Association (NSSGA)	Quarried Stone for Erosion and Sediment Control, 1991
NWS	Precipitation-Frequency of the United States by State/Territory, 2012
NWS	Precipitation Frequency Data Server, 2012
USDA NRCS	Urban Hydrology for Small Watersheds; 1986. Technical Release 55

**PART 2 PRODUCTS**

**2.1 GEOTEXTILE**

- A Geotextiles shall consist only of long chain polymeric fibers or yarns formed into a stable network such that the fibers or yarns retain their position relative to each other during handling, placement, and design service life. At least 95 percent by weight of the material shall be polyolefins or polyesters. The material shall be free from defects or tears. Geotextile shall also be free of any treatment or coating which might adversely alter its hydraulic or physical properties after installation. Geotextile properties as described in Tables 1-3.

<b>Table 1. Geotextile for Permanent Erosion Control</b>							
<b>Geotextile Property</b>	<b>ASTM Test Method</b>	<b>Geotextile Property Requirements</b>					
		<b>Permanent Erosion Control</b>				<b>Ditch Lining</b>	
		<b>Moderate Survivability</b>		<b>High Survivability</b>			
		<b>Woven</b>	<b>Non-woven</b>	<b>Woven</b>	<b>Non-woven</b>	<b>Woven</b>	<b>Non-woven</b>
AOS	D4751	See Table 2		See Table 2		U.S. No. 30 max.	
Water permittivity	D4491	See Table 2		See Table 2		0.02 sec-1 min.	
Grab tensile strength, in machine and x-machine direction	D4632/D4632M	250 lb. min.	160 lb. min.	315 lb. min.	200 lb. min.	250 lb. min.	160 lb. min.

<b>Table 1. Geotextile for Permanent Erosion Control</b>							
<b>Geotextile Property</b>	<b>ASTM Test Method</b>	<b>Geotextile Property Requirements</b>					
		<b>Permanent Erosion Control</b>				<b>Ditch Lining</b>	
		<b>Moderate Survivability</b>		<b>High Survivability</b>			
		<b>Woven</b>	<b>Non-woven</b>	<b>Woven</b>	<b>Non-woven</b>	<b>Woven</b>	<b>Non-woven</b>
Grab failure strain, in machine and x-machine direction	D4632/D4632M	15% -50%	≥ 50%	15% -50%	≥ 50%	< 50%	≥ 50%
Seam breaking strength	D4632/D4632M	220 lb. min.	140 lb. min.	270 lb. min.	180 lb. min.	220 lb. min.	140 lb. min.
Puncture resistance	D6241	495 lb. min.	310 lb. min.	620 lb. min.	430 lb. min.	495 lb. min.	310 lb. min.
Tear strength, in machine and x-machine direction	D4533	80 lb. min.	50 lb. min.	112 lb. min.	79 lb. min.	80 lb. min.	50 lb. min.
Ultraviolet (UV) radiation stability	D4355	70% strength retained min., after 500 hours in xenon arc device					

<b>Table 2. Filtration Properties for Geotextile for Permanent Erosion Control</b>				
<b>Geotextile Property</b>	<b>ASTM Test Method</b>	<b>Geotextile Property Requirements</b>		
		<b>Class A</b>	<b>Class B</b>	<b>Class C</b>
AOS	D4751	U.S. No. 40 max.	U.S. No. 60 max.	U.S. No. 70 max.
Water permittivity	D4491	0.7 sec-1 min.	0.4 sec-1 min.	0.2 sec-1 min.

<b>Table 3. Geotextile for Temporary Silt Fence</b>			
<b>Geotextile Property</b>	<b>ASTM Test Method</b>	<b>Geotextile Property Requirements</b>	
		<b>Unsupported Between Posts</b>	<b>Supported Between Posts with Wire or Polymeric Mesh</b>
AOS	D4751	U.S. No. 30 max. for silt wovens, U.S. No. 50 for all other geotextile types, U.S. No. 100 min.	
Water permittivity	D4491	0.2 sec-1 min.	
Grab tensile strength, in machine and x-machine direction	D4632/D4632M	180 lb. min. in machine direction, 100 lb. min. in x-machine direction	100 lb. min.

<b>Table 3. Geotextile for Temporary Silt Fence</b>			
<b>Geotextile Property</b>	<b>ASTM Test Method</b>	<b>Geotextile Property Requirements</b>	
		<b>Unsupported Between Posts</b>	<b>Supported Between Posts with Wire or Polymeric Mesh</b>
Grab failure strain, in machine and x-machine direction	D4632/ D4632M	30% max. at 180 lb. or more	
Ultraviolet (UV) radiation stability	D4355	705 strength retained min., after 500 hours in xenon arc device	

2.2 SEDIMENT BARRIERS

A Silt Fence

1. Silt fence shall meet the requirements of Manual for Erosion and Sediment Control in Georgia, latest edition.
2. Reinforced silt fence is a combination of silt fence fabric with woven wire reinforcement. Reinforced silt fence woven wire reinforcement shall meet the requirements of Manual for Erosion and Sediment Control in Georgia, latest edition.
3. Silt fence fabric shall meet the requirements of Section 2.01, Geotextiles.

2.3 INLET PROTECTION

A Sediment Barrier Inlet Protection

1. Filter Fabric with Supporting Frame: Reinforced silt fence supported by steel posts shall be used to encompass inlet. See Silt Fence this Part.
2. Wattles Fiber Rolls: Product shall be used to encompass inlet. See Wattles Fiber Rolls this Part.
3. Compost Sock: Compost socks shall be used to encompass inlet. See Compost Sock this Part.
4. Sand Bag Barrier: Sand Bag Barriers shall be used to encompass inlet. See Sand Bag Barrier this Part.

B Curb Inlet Protection

1. Wrapped Masonary Units: Concrete blocks shall be standard 8 inch x 8 inch x 16 inch concrete masonry units and shall be in accordance with ASTM C139, Concrete Masonry Units for Construction and wrapped in filter fabric. Filter fabric shall be in shall be polypropylene, polyethylene, or polyamide woven fabric with a minimum unit weight of 4 ounces per square yard and meet the following criteria:
  - a. Greater than 300 psi Mullen Burst Strength using ASTM D3786/D3786M Standard Test Method forHydraulic Bursting Strength of Textile Fabrics-Diaphragm Bursting Strength Tester Method.
  - b. Greater than 70 percent UV Stability using ASTM D4355/D4355M Standard Test Method for Deterioration of Geotextiles by Exposure to Light, Moisture, and Heat in a Xenon Arc Type Apparatus.

2. Gravel Curb Inlet Filter: Gravel bags constructed by wrapping 1/2 to 3/4 inch gravel with filter fabric meeting criteria in this sub-section, wire, plastic mesh, or equivalent material and encompassing inlet.

3. Sand Bag Barrier: Sand Bag Barriers shall be used to encompass inlet. See Sand Bag Barrier this Part.

C Pre-fabricated Frame and Filter assembly: Refer to manufacturer’s specifications for product list.

D Inlet Inserts [Silt Sack]: Refer to manufacturer’s specifications for product list.

2.4 CONSTRUCTION EXIT

A Stone: Use sound, tough, durable stone resistant to the action of air and water. Slabby or shaley pieces will not be acceptable. Aggregate size shall be in accordance with the NSSGA Size R-2 (1.5 to 3.5-inch stone).

B Geotextile: The geotextile underliner must be placed the full length and width of the entrance. Geotextile selection shall be based on AASHTO M288-98 specification:

1. For subgrades with a CBR greater than or equal to 3 or shear strength greater than 90 kPa, geotextile must meet requirements of section AASHTO M288-96 Section 7.3, Separation Requirements.
2. For subgrades with a CBR between 1 and 3 or sheer strength between 30 and 90 kPa, geotextile must meet requirements of section AASHTO M288-96 Section 7.4, Stabilization Requirements.

2.5 EROSION CONTROL MATTING AND BLANKETS

A All blanket and matting materials shall be according to Manual for Erosion and Sediment Control in Georgia, latest edition.

B Temporary erosion control blanket shall be made of natural plant fibers. Supply independent test results meeting the following:

Properties	ASTM Test Method	Requirements
Protecting slopes from rainfall-induced erosion	D6459: Test in one soil type. Soil tested shall be sandy loam as defined by the NRCS Soil Texture Triangle.	Maximum C factor of 0.15 using revised universal soil loss equation (RUSLE)
Dry weight per unit area	D6475	0.36 lb./sq. yd. minimum
Performance in protecting earthen channels from stormwater-induced erosion	D6460: Test in one soil type. Soil tested shall be loam as defined by the NRCS Soil Texture Triangle.	1.0 lb/sq. ft. minimum
See germination enhancement	D7322	200 percent minimum
Netting, if present, shall be biodegradable with a life span not to exceed 1 year.		

C Temporary Erosion Control Blankets: Use in concentrated flow areas, all slopes steeper than 3:1 and with a height of ten feet or greater, and cuts and fills within stream buffers, shall be stabilized with the appropriate erosion control matting or blankets.

1. Straw blankets: Shall consist of weed-free straw from agricultural crops formed into a blanket. Blankets shall have a top side of photodegradable plastic mesh with a maximum mesh size of 5/16 x 5/16 inch sewn to the straw with biodegradable thread that is

appropriate for slopes. The blanket shall have a minimum thickness of 3/8 inch and minimum dry weight of 0.5 pounds per square yard.

2. Excelsior blankets: Shall consist of curled wood excelsior (80% of fibers are six inches or longer) formed into a blanket. The blanket shall have clear markings indicating the top side of the blanket and be smolder resistant. Blankets shall have photodegradable plastic mesh having a maximum mesh size of 1 1/2x3 inches. The blanket shall have a minimum thickness of 1/4 of an inch and a minimum dry weight of 0.8 pounds per square yard. Slopes require excelsior matting with the top side of the blanket covered in the plastic mesh, and for waterways, both sides of the blanket require plastic mesh.
  3. Coconut fiber blankets: Shall consist of 100% coconut fiber formed into a blanket. The minimum thickness of the blanket shall be 1/4 of an inch with a minimum dry weight of 0.5 pounds per square yard. Blankets shall have photodegradable plastic mesh, with a maximum mesh size of 5/8 x 5/8 inch and sewn to the fiber with a breakdown resistant synthetic yarn. Plastic mesh is required on both sides of the blanket if used in waterways. A maximum of two inches is allowable for the stitch pattern and row spacing.
  4. Wood fiber blankets: Shall consist of reprocessed wood fibers that does not possess or contain any growth or germination inhibiting factors. The blanket shall have a photodegradable plastic mesh, with a maximum mesh size of 5/8 x 3/4 inch, securely bonded to the top of the mat. The blanket shall have a minimum dry weight of 0.35 pounds per square yard. A maximum of two inches is allowable for the stitch pattern and row spacing. This practice shall be applied only to slopes.
  5. Jute Mesh: To be applied to slopes. Jute mesh with a 48 inch width shall show between 76 and 80 warpings and a one yard length shall show between 39 to 43 weftings. The woven mesh shall be at least 45 inches wide. Yarn shall have a unit weight of at least 0.9 pounds per square yard, but not more than 1.5 pounds per square yard.
- D Permanent Erosion Control Blankets: Use in concentrated flow areas, all slopes steeper than 3:1 and with a height of ten feet or greater, and cuts and fills within stream buffers, shall be stabilized with the appropriate erosion control matting or blankets.
1. Permanent matting shall consist of a lofty web of mechanically or melt bonded polymer nettings, monofilaments or fibers which are entangled to form a strong and dimensionally stable matrix. Polymer welding, thermal or polymer fusion, or the placement of fibers between two high strength, bi-axially oriented nets bound securely together by parallel lock stitching with polyolefin, nylon or polyester threads are all appropriate bonding methods. Mats shall maintain their shape before, during, and after installation, under dry or water saturated conditions. Mats must be stabilized against ultraviolet degradation and shall be inert to chemicals normally encountered in a natural soil environment.
  2. The mat shall conform to the following physical properties:

Property	Minimum Value
Thickness	0.5 inch
Weight	0.6 PSY
Roll Width	38 inches
Tensile Strength (ASTM D5035-6" strip)	
Length (50% elongation)	15 lbs./in.

Property	Minimum Value
Length (ultimate)	20 lbs./in.
Width (50% elongation)	5 lbs./in.
Width (ultimate)	10 lbs./in.
Ultraviolet Stability (1000hrs. in an Atlas ARC Weatherometer, ASTM G 23, Type D in accordance with ASTM D 822)	80%

E Stapling and Anchoring Materials:

1. Temporary Blankets: Staples shall be used to anchor temporary blankets. U-shaped wire (11 gauge or greater) staples with legs at least 6 inches in length and a crown of one inch or appropriate biodegradable staples can be used. Staples shall be of sufficient thickness for soil penetration without undue distortion.
2. Permanent Matting: Sound wood stakes, 1x3 inches stock sawn in a triangular shape, shall be used. Depending on the compaction of the soil, select stakes with a length from 12 to 18 inches. U-shaped staples shall be 11 gauge steel or greater, with legs at a minimum of 8 inches length with a 2 inch crown.

2.6 TOPSOILING

- A Topsoil should be friable and loamy, free of debris, objectionable weeds and stones and contain no toxic substance that may be harmful to plant growth. A pH range of 5.0-7.5 is acceptable. Soluble salts should not exceed 500 ppm. Refer to specification 32 91 19.13 Topsoil.
- B Topsoil stockpiles shall be contained by sediment barriers to prevent sedimentation on adjacent areas. Stockpiles shall be stabilized in accordance with specifications for Temporary Mulching and Temporary Grassing, or Polyacrylamide (PAM), specified in this Part.

2.7 TEMPORARY MULCHING

- A Dry straw: Shall be applied at a depth of 2 to 4 inches providing complete soil coverage. Material shall be clean, seed-free cereal straw.
- B Wood waste (chips, sawdust or bark): Shall be applied at a depth of 2 to 3 inches. Organic material from the clearing stage of development should remain on site, be chipped, and applied as mulch.
- C Mulch Binder: Mulch on slopes exceeding 3 (horizontal) to 1 (vertical) shall be held in place by the use of a mulch binder, as approved by the Engineer. The mulch binder shall be non toxic to plant and animal life and shall be approved by the Engineer.

2.8 TEMPORARY GRASSING

- A Grassing materials shall meet the requirements of the Manual for Erosion and Sediment Control in Georgia, latest edition.
- B Seed rate, fertilization, lime application and other requirements shall be provided as shown on the Drawings.
- C Water: Water shall be free of excess and harmful chemicals, organisms and substances which may be harmful to plant growth or obnoxious to traffic. Salt or brackish water shall not be used. Water shall be furnished by the Contractor.

2.9 PERMANENT GRASSING & SODDING

- A Refer to specifications 32 92 19.13 - Top Soiling, Seeding, and Sodding.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 GENERAL

TEMPORARY EROSION AND  
SEDIMENTATION CONTROL  
(TESC)

- A Temporary and permanent erosion and sedimentation control measures shall prevent erosion and prevent sediment from exiting the site. If, in the opinion of the Engineer, the Contractor's temporary erosion and sedimentation control measures are inadequate, the Contractor shall provide additional maintenance for existing measures or additional devices to control erosion and sedimentation on the site at no additional cost to the Owner.
- B All erosion and sedimentation control devices and structures shall be inspected by the ESC Qualified Personnel, as defined by State and local regulations, whichever is more stringent. Frequency of all inspections shall be determined by State and/or local permit requirements as outlined in the prepared TESC, Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) and State and local permit regulations.
- C All erosion and sedimentation control measures and devices shall be constructed and maintained as indicated on the Drawings, in the prepared SWPPP, or specified herein until adequate permanent disturbed area stabilization has been provided and accepted by the Engineer. Once adequate permanent stabilization has been provided and accepted by the Engineer, all temporary erosion and sedimentation control structures and devices shall be removed.
- D Construction activities must avoid or minimize excavation and creation of bare ground during wet weather.
- E The intentional washing of sediment into storm sewers or drainage ways must not occur. Vacuuming or dry sweeping and material pickup must be used to cleanup released sediments.
- F Inspect BMPs in accordance with the schedule in the State and/or local permit or as directed by Engineer.
- G Complete an inspection report within 24 hours of an inspection. Each inspection report shall be signed and identify corrective actions. Document that corrective actions are performed within 7 days of identification. Keep a copy of all inspection reports at the site or at an easily accessible location.
- H Initiate repair or replacement of damaged erosion and sediment control BMPs immediately and work completed by end of next work day. Significant replacement or repair must be completed within 7 days, unless infeasible.
- I Within 24 hours, remediate any significant sediment that has left construction site. Investigate cause of the sediment release and implement steps to prevent a recurrence of discharge within same 24 hours. Perform in-stream cleanup of sediment according to applicable regulations.
- J At end of each work day, stabilize or cover soil stockpiles or implement other BMPs to prevent discharges to surface waters or conveyance systems leading to surface waters.
- K Temporarily stabilize soils at end of shift before holidays and weekends, if needed. Ensure soils are stable during rain events at all times of year.
- L Initiate stabilization by no later than end of next work day after construction work in an area has stopped permanently or temporarily.
- M Provide permanent erosion control measures on all exposed areas. Do not remove temporary sediment control practices until permanent vegetation or other cover of exposed areas is established. However, do remove all temporary erosion control measures as exposed areas become stabilized, unless doing so conflicts with local requirements. Properly dispose of construction materials and waste, including sediment retained by temporary BMPs.

### 3.2 INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE OF EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS

#### TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL (TESC)

A Sediment Barriers

1. Sediment barriers shall not be used in any flowing stream, creek or river.
2. Sediment barriers shall be installed as shown on the Drawings and as directed by the Engineer.
3. Along stream buffers and other sensitive areas, two rows of reinforced silt fence or one row of reinforced silt fence backed by haybales shall be used.
4. Sediment barriers shall be maintained to ensure the depth of impounded sediment is no more than one-third of the original height of the barrier or as directed by the Engineer. Torn, damaged, destroyed or washed-out barriers shall be repaired, reinforced or replaced with new material and installed as shown on the Drawings and as directed by the Engineer.
5. Sediment Barrier Removal
  - a. Sediment barriers shall be removed once the disturbed area has been stabilized with a permanent vegetative cover and the sediment barrier is no longer required as directed by the Engineer.
  - b. Accumulated sediment shall be removed from the barrier and spread over the site.
  - c. All non-biodegradable parts of the barrier shall be disposed of properly. The straw bales may be spread evenly across disturbed areas as a mulching material.
  - d. The disturbed area created by barrier removal shall be permanently stabilized.

B Inlet Sediment Traps

1. Inlet Sediment Traps shall be installed as shown on the Drawings and as directed by the Engineer.
2. For each Inlet Sediment Traps type the following installation guidelines shall be used:
  - a. Filter Fabric with Supporting Frame: Reinforced silt fence supported by steel posts shall be used. The stakes shall be spaced evenly around the perimeter of the inlet a maximum of 3 feet apart, and securely driven into the ground, approximately 18 inches deep. The fabric shall be entrenched 12 inches and backfilled with crushed stone or compacted soil. Fabric and wire shall be securely fastened to the posts, and fabric ends must be overlapped a minimum of 18 inches or wrapped together around a post to provide a continuous fabric barrier around the inlet.
  - b. Baffle Box: The baffle box shall be constructed of 2" x 4" boards spaced a maximum of 1 inch apart or of plywood with weep holes 2 inches in diameter. The weep holes shall be placed approximately 6 inches on center vertically and horizontally. Gravel shall be placed outside the box, all around the inlet, to a depth of 2 to 4 inches. The entire box is wrapped in filter fabric that shall be entrenched 12 inches and backfilled.
  - c. Block and Gravel Drop Inlet Protection: One block is placed on each side of the structure on its side in the bottom row to allow pool drainage. The foundation shall be excavated at least 2 inches below the crest of the storm drain. The bottom row of blocks are placed against the edge of the storm drain for lateral support and to avoid washouts when overflow occurs. If needed, lateral support shall be given to subsequent rows by placing 2" x 4" wood studs through block openings. Hardware cloth or comparable wire mesh with 1/2 inch openings shall be fitted over all block openings to hold gravel in place. Clean gravel shall be placed 2 inches below the top of the block on a 2:1 slope or flatter and smoothed to an even grade.

- d. Gravel Drop Inlet Protection: Stone and gravel are used to trap sediment. The slope toward the inlet shall be no steeper than 3:1. A minimum 1 foot wide level stone area shall be left between the structure and around the inlet to prevent gravel from entering the inlet. On the slope toward the inlet, stone 3 inches in diameter and larger shall be used. On the slope away from the inlet, 1/2 to 3/4 inch gravel shall be used at a minimum thickness of 1 foot.
  - e. Excavated Inlet Sediment Trap: The sediment trap shall be placed immediately around the inlet. The excavation shall be constructed immediately outside of the sediment trap and provide a minimum depth of 1.5 feet for sediment storage.
  - f. Curb Inlet Protection: On existing paved areas or once new pavement areas have been installed, a curb inlet filter shall be installed on inlets receiving runoff from disturbed areas. A gap of approximately 4 inches shall be left between the inlet filter and the inlet to allow for overflow and prevent hazardous ponding in the roadway.
  - g. Pre-fabricated Frame and Filter assembly: Refer to manufacturer's specifications for installation and maintenance.
3. The trap shall be inspected daily and after each rain and repairs made as needed. Sediment shall be removed when the sediment has accumulated to one-third the height of the trap. Sediment shall be removed from curb inlet protection immediately. For excavated inlet sediment traps, sediment shall be removed when one-third of the sediment storage capacity has been lost to sediment accumulation.
  4. Sediment Barrier Removal
    - a. Sediment barrier shall be removed once the disturbed area has been stabilized with a permanent vegetative cover and the sediment barrier is no longer required as directed by the Engineer.
    - b. Accumulated sediment shall be removed from the barrier and spread over the site.
    - c. All non-biodegradable parts of the barrier shall be disposed of properly. The straw bales may be spread evenly across disturbed areas as a mulching material.
    - d. The disturbed area created by barrier removal shall be permanently stabilized.
- C Check Dams
1. Check dams shall not be used in any flowing stream, creek or river.
  2. Check dams shall be installed as shown on the Drawings and as directed by the Engineer.
  3. Stone check dams:
    - a. Mechanical or hand placement shall be required to insure complete coverage of entire width of ditch or swale and that center of dam is lower than edges.
    - b. A geotextile should be used as a separator between the graded stone and the soil base and abutments. The geotextile shall be placed immediately adjacent to the subgrade without any voids and extend five feet beyond the downstream toe of the dam to prevent scour.
  4. Straw Bale Check Dams: Stake and embed straw bales a minimum of 4 inches deep.
  5. Height: The center of the check dam must be at least 9 inches lower than outer edges. Dam height should be 2 feet maximum measured to center of check dam.
  6. Side Slopes: Side slopes shall be 2:1 or flatter.

7. Spacing: Two or more check dams in series shall be used for drainage areas greater than one acre. Maximum spacing between dams should be such that the toe of the upstream dam is at the same elevation as the top of the downstream dam.
8. Check dams shall be maintained to ensure the depth of impounded sediment is no more than one-third of the original height of the check dam or as directed by the Engineer. Damaged, destroyed or washed-out check dams shall be repaired, reinforced or replaced with new material and installed as shown on the Drawings and as directed by the Engineer.
9. Check Dams removal
  - a. Check dams shall be removed [shall remain] once the disturbed area has been stabilized with a permanent vegetative cover and the sediment barrier is no longer required as directed by the Engineer.
  - b. Accumulated sediment shall be removed from the check dams and spread over the site.
  - c. All non-biodegradable parts of the barrier shall be disposed of properly. The straw bales may be spread evenly across disturbed areas as a mulching material.
  - d. The disturbed area created by check dam removal shall be permanently stabilized.

D Construction Exit

1. Construction Exit shall be placed as shown on the Drawings or as directed by the Engineer. A construction exit shall be located at any point traffic will be leaving a disturbed area to a public right-of-way, street, alley, sidewalk or parking area.
2. Placement of Construction Exit Material: The ground surface upon which the construction exit material is to be placed shall be prepared to a smooth condition free from obstructions, depressions or debris. The geotextile underliner shall be placed to provide a minimum number of overlaps and a minimum width of one foot of overlap at each joint. The stone shall be placed with its top elevation conforming to the surrounding roadway elevations. The stone shall be dropped no more than three feet during construction.
3. Construction Exit Maintenance: The Contractor shall regularly maintain the exit with the top dressing of stone to prevent tracking or flow of soil onto public rights-of-way and paved surfaces as directed by the Engineer. This shall require periodic top dressing with 1.5-3.5 inch stone, as conditions demand.
4. Construction Exit Removal: Construction exit(s) shall be removed and properly disposed of when the disturbed area has been properly stabilized, the tracking or flow of soil onto public rights-of-way or paved surfaces has ceased and as directed by the Engineer.

E Polyacrylamide (PAM)

1. Application rates shall conform to manufacturer's guidelines for application.
2. Maintenance will consist of reapplying anionic PAM to disturbed areas including high use traffic areas which interfere in the performance of this practice.

F Erosion Control Matting and Blankets

1. Erosion Control Matting and Blankets be placed as shown on the Drawings and as directed by the Engineer.
2. After the site has been shaped and graded to the approved design, prepare a friable seedbed relatively free from clods and rocks more than one inch in diameter, and any foreign material that will prevent contact of the soil stabilization mat with the soil surface.

Surface must be smooth to ensure proper contact of blankets or matting to the soil surface. If necessary, redirect any runoff from the ditch or slope during installation.

3. Follow manufacturer's recommendations and follow details as shown on the Drawings for laying and stapling.
4. All erosion control blankets and matting should be inspected periodically following installation, particularly after rainstorms to check for erosion and undermining. Any dislocation or failure should be repaired immediately. If washouts or breakage occurs, reinstall the material after repairing damage to the slope or ditch. Continue to monitor these areas until they become permanently stabilized.

#### G Filter Ring

1. Filter Rings be placed as shown on the Drawings and as directed by the Engineer.
2. The filter ring shall be constructed at a height no less than two feet from grade.
3. Mechanical or hand placement of stone shall be required to uniformly surround the structure to be supplemented. Refer to Rip Rap, within this specification, for rock riprap specifications.
4. When utilized below a storm drain outlet, it shall be placed such that it does not create a condition causing water to back-up into the storm drain and inhibit the function of the storm drain system.
5. Maintenance: The filter ring must be kept clear of trash and debris. This will require continuous monitoring and maintenance, which includes sediment removal when one-half full. Structures are temporary and should be removed when the land-disturbing project has been stabilized.

#### H Rock Filter Dam

1. Mechanical or hand placement will be required to insure that the rock dam extends completely across the channel and securely ties into both channel banks. The center of the dam must be no less than six inches lower than the lowest side, to serve as a type of weir. Gabions can be installed to serve as rock filter dams, but should follow recommended sizing and installation specifications. Refer to Gabions in this specification.
2. Geotextiles should be used as a separator between the graded stone, the soil base, and the abutments. The geotextile should be placed immediately adjacent to the subgrade without any voids and extend five feet beyond the downstream toe of the dam to prevent scour.
3. Maintenance: Rock dams should be removed once disturbed areas have been stabilized. Periodic inspection and required maintenance must be provided. Sediment shall be removed when it reaches a depth of one-half of the original height of the dam.

#### I Retrofitting

1. Retrofit structures shall be placed as shown on the Drawings and as directed by the Engineer.
2. Perforated Half-Round Pipe with Stone Filter:
  - a. Diameter of half-round pipe should be 1.5 times the diameter of the principal pipe outlet or wider than the greatest width of the concrete weir.
3. Shall be fixed by specified means (bolts, etc) to concrete outlet structure.
4. Slotted Board Dam with Stone:
  - a. Shall be installed with minimum size 4x4 inch posts.
  - b. Boards should have 0.5-1.0 inch space between them.

5. Maintenance: Retrofit structures shall be kept clear of trash and debris. This will require continuous monitoring and maintenance, which includes sediment removal when one-third of the sediment storage capacity has been lost. Structures are temporary and shall be removed when disturbed areas have been permanently stabilized.

J Temporary Sediment Basin

1. Site Preparation: Areas under the embankment and under structural works shall be cleared, grubbed, and stripped of topsoil. All trees, vegetation, roots and other objectionable material shall be removed and disposed of by approved methods. In order to facilitate clean-out or restoration, the pool area (measured at the top of the pipe spillway) will be cleared of all brush and trees.
2. Cut-off Trench: A cut-off trench will be excavated along the centerline of earth fill embankments. The minimum depth shall be 2 feet. The cut-off trench shall extend up both abutments to the riser crest elevation. The minimum bottom width shall be 4 feet, but wide enough to permit operation of compaction equipment. The side slopes shall be no steeper than 1:1. Compaction requirements shall be the same as those for the embankment. The trench shall be drained during the backfilling and compaction operations.
3. Embankment: The fill material shall be taken from approved areas shown on the Drawings. It shall be clean mineral soil free of roots, woody vegetation, oversized stones, rocks or other objectionable material. Relatively pervious materials such as sand or gravel (Unified Soil Classes GW, GP, SW & SP) shall be placed in the downstream section of the embankment. Areas on which fills are to be placed shall be scarified prior to placement of fill. The fill material shall contain sufficient moisture so that it can be formed by hand into a ball without crumbling. If water can be squeezed out of the ball, it is too wet for proper compaction. Fill material shall be placed in six-inch to eight-inch thick continuous layers over the entire length of the fill. Compaction shall be obtained by routing and hauling the construction equipment over the fill so that the entire surface of the fill is traversed by at least one wheel or tread track of the equipment or by the use of a compactor. The embankment shall be constructed to an elevation 5 percent higher than the design height to allow for settlement.
4. Principal Spillway: The riser shall be securely attached to the pipe or pipe stub by welding the full circumference making a watertight structural connection. The pipe stub must be attached to the riser at the same percent (angle) of grade as the outlet conduit. The connection between the riser and the riser base shall be watertight. All connections between pipe sections must be achieved by approved watertight band assemblies. The pipe and riser shall be placed on a firm, smooth foundation of impervious soil as the embankment is constructed. Breaching the embankment is unacceptable. Pervious materials such as sand, gravel, or crushed stone shall not be used as backfill around the pipe or anti-seep collar. The fill material around the pipe spillway shall be placed in four inch layers and compacted under and around the pipe to at least the same density as the adjacent embankment. Care must be taken not to raise the pipe from firm contact with its foundation when compacting under the pipe haunches. A minimum depth of two feet of hand compacted backfill shall be placed over the pipe spillway before crossing it with construction equipment.

5. **Emergency Spillway:** The emergency spillway shall be installed in undisturbed ground. The achievement of planned elevations, grades, design width, entrance and exit channel slopes are critical to the successful operation of the emergency spillway and must be constructed within a tolerance of  $\pm 0.2$  feet. If the emergency spillway requires erosion protection other than vegetation, the lining shall not compromise the capacity of the emergency spillway, e.g. the emergency spillway shall be over-excavated so that the lining will be flush with the slope surface.
6. **Vegetative Treatment:** Stabilize the embankment and all other disturbed areas in accordance with the appropriate permanent vegetative measure, see Specification 32 92 19 Seeding, immediately following construction. In no case shall the embankment remain unstabilized for more than seven (7) days.
7. **Erosion and Pollution Control:** Construction operations will be carried out in such a manner that erosion and water pollution will be minimized. State and local law concerning pollution abatement shall be complied with.
8. **Maintenance:** Repair all damages caused by soil erosion or construction equipment at or before the end of each working day. Sediment shall be removed from the basin when it reaches the specified distance below the top of the riser. Sediment shall not enter adjacent streams or drainage ways during sediment removal or disposal. The sediment shall not be deposited downstream from the embankment, adjacent to a stream or floodplain.
9. **Final Disposal:** When temporary structures have served their intended purpose and the contributing drainage area has been properly stabilized, the embankment and resulting sediment deposits are to be leveled or otherwise disposed of in accordance with approved sediment control plan. The proposed use of a sediment basin site will often dictate final disposition of the basin and any sediment contained therein. If the site is scheduled for future construction, then the embankment and trapped sediment must be removed, safely disposed of, and backfilled with a structural fill. When the basin area is to remain open space, the pond may be pumped dry, graded and backfilled.

**K Storm Drain Outlet Protection**

1. Ensure that the subgrade for the filter and riprap follows the required lines and grades shown in the plan. Compact any fill required in the subgrade to the density of the surrounding undisturbed material. Low areas in the subgrade on undisturbed soil may also be filled by increasing the riprap thickness.
2. The riprap and gravel filter must conform to the specified grading limits shown in the plans.
3. Geotextile must meet design requirements and be properly protected from punching or tearing during installation. Repair any damage by removing the riprap and placing another piece of filter fabric over the damaged area. All connecting joints should overlap a minimum of 1 ft. If the damage is extensive, replace the entire filter fabric.
4. Riprap may be placed by equipment, but take care to avoid damaging the filter.
5. The minimum thickness of the riprap should be 1.5 times the maximum stone diameter.
6. Construct the apron on zero grade with no overfall at the end. Make the top of the riprap at the downstream end level with the receiving area or slightly below it.

7. Ensure that the apron is properly aligned with the receiving stream and preferably straight throughout its length. If a curve is needed to fit site conditions, place it in the upper section of the apron.
8. Immediately after construction, stabilize all disturbed areas with vegetation.
9. Filter: Install a filter to prevent soil movement through the openings in the riprap. The filter should consist of a graded gravel layer or a synthetic filter cloth.
10. Maintenance: Inspect riprap outlet structures after heavy rains to see if any erosion around or below the riprap has taken place or if stones have been dislodged. Immediately make all needed repairs to prevent further damage.

L Topsoiling

1. Testing: Field exploration should be made to determine whether the quantity and quality of surface soil justifies stripping.
2. Stripping: Stripping should be confined to the immediate construction area. A 4 to 6 inch stripping depth is common, but may vary depending on the particular soil.
3. Topsoil pH: If pH value is less than 6.0, lime shall be applied and incorporated with the topsoil to adjust the pH to 6.5 or higher.
4. Stockpiles: The location of topsoil stockpiles should not obstruct natural drainage or cause off-site environmental damage.
5. Stabilization: Stockpiles shall be contained by sediment barriers to prevent sedimentation on adjacent areas. Stockpiles shall be stabilized in accordance with specifications Temporary Mulching and Grassing or PAM that are contained within this specification
6. Liming: Soil tests should be used to determine the pH of the soil. Where the pH of the subsoil is 5.0 or less or composed of heavy clays, agricultural limestone shall be spread at the rate of 100 pounds per 1,000 square feet. Lime shall be distributed uniformly over designated areas and worked into the soil in conjunction with tillage operations.
7. Bonding: Use one of the following methods to insure bonding of topsoil and subsoil:
  - a. Tilling: After the areas to be topsoiled have been brought to grade, and immediately prior to dumping and spreading the topsoil, the subgrade shall be loosened by discing or scarifying to a depth of at least 3 inches to permit bonding of the topsoil to the subsoil.
  - b. Tracking: Passing a bulldozer over the entire surface area of the slope to leave horizontal depressions.
8. Applying Topsoil:
  - a. Topsoil should be handled only when it is dry enough to work without damaging soil structure.
  - b. A uniform application of 5 inches (unsettled) is recommended, but may be adjusted at the discretion of the Engineer.

M Temporary Mulching

1. When mulch is used without seeding, mulch shall be applied to provide full coverage of the exposed area. Mulch shall be applied as follows:
  - a. Dry straw or hay mulch and wood chips shall be applied uniformly by hand or by mechanical equipment.

- b. If the area will eventually be covered with perennial vegetation, 20-30 pounds of nitrogen per acre in addition to the normal amount shall be applied to offset the uptake of nitrogen caused by the decomposition of the organic mulches.
  - c. Apply mulch binder on exposed areas, where indicated on the Drawings or as instructed by the Engineer.
2. Anchoring Mulch:
- a. Straw mulch can be pressed into the soil with a disk harrow with the disk set straight or with a special "packer disk." Disks may be smooth or serrated and should be 20 inches or more in diameter and 8 to 12 inches apart. The edges of the disk should be dull enough not to cut the mulch but to press it into the soil leaving much of it in an erect position.
  - b. Straw mulch shall be anchored immediately after application.
  - c. Straw mulch spread with special blower-type equipment may be anchored with Grade SS-1 emulsified asphalt in accordance with ASTM D977. The asphalt emulsion shall be sprayed onto the mulch as it is ejected from the machine. Use 100 gallons of emulsified asphalt and 100 gallons of water per ton of mulch.
  - d. For Straw mulch, plastic mesh or netting with mesh no larger than one inch by one inch shall be installed according to manufacturer's specifications.
  - e. Netting of the appropriate size shall be used to anchor wood waste. Openings of the netting shall not be larger than the average size of the wood waste chips.

N Temporary Grassing

1. Seed Bed Preparation:
  - a. When a hydraulic seeder is used, seedbed preparation is not required.
  - b. When using conventional or hand seeding, seedbed preparation is not required if the soil material is loose and not sealed by rainfall.
  - c. When soil has been sealed by rainfall or consists of smooth cut slopes, the soil shall be pitted, trenched or otherwise scarified to provide a place for seed to lodge and germinate.
2. Select a grass or grass-legume mixture suitable to the area and season of the year.
3. Seed shall be applied uniformly by hand, cyclone seeder, drill, culti-packer- seeder, or hydraulic seeder (slurry including seed and fertilizer). Drill or cultipacker seeders should normally place seed one-quarter to one-half inch deep. Appropriate depth of planting is ten times the seed diameter.
4. Soil should be "raked" lightly to cover seed with soil if seeded by hand.
5. Irrigation: During times of drought, water shall be applied at a rate not causing runoff and erosion. The soil shall be thoroughly wetted to a depth that will insure germination of the seed. Subsequent applications should be made when needed.
6. Temporary Stabilization: Temporary stabilization shall be provided as shown on the Drawings and conforming to these Specifications to control erosion on the site.  
Temporary stabilization shall be provided to any area which will not receive permanent stabilization within the next 14 calendar days.

O Permanent Grassing & Sodding

1. Refer to specifications 32 92 19 Seeding and 32 92 23 Sodding for installation and maintenance.

2. Permanent Stabilization

- a. Permanent stabilization shall be provided as shown on the Drawings and conforming to these Specifications to control erosion on the site. Permanent stabilization shall be provided to all areas of land disturbance within seven calendar days of the completion of land disturbance for any area greater than 0.25 acre.
- b. Grass or sod removed or damaged in residential areas shall be replanted with the same variety within seven calendar days of the completion of work in any area.
- c. Where permanent stabilization cannot be immediately established because of an inappropriate season, the Contractor shall provide temporary stabilization. The {GT#156} shall return to the site at the appropriate season to provide permanent stabilization in areas that received only temporary stabilization.

3.3 CLEAN-UP

- A Dispose of all excess erosion and sedimentation control materials in a manner satisfactory to the Engineer.
- B All temporary erosion control measures shall be removed after final stabilization of the site has occurred, unless otherwise noted on the Drawings or instructed by the Engineer.
- C Final clean-up shall be performed in accordance with the requirements of Section 01 74 23 of these Specifications.

END OF SECTION